



डेडीकेटेड फ्रेट कोरीडोर

DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION OF CIVIL, STRUCTURES AND TRACK WORKS FOR SINGLE LINE RAILWAY INVOLVING FORMATION IN EMBANKMENTS/CUTTINGS, BALLAST ON FORMATION, TRACK WORKS, BRIDGES, STRUCTURES, BUILDINGS, YARDS, INTEGRATION WITH IR EXISTING RAILWAY SYSTEM AND TESTING & COMMISSIONING ON DESIGN-BUILD LUMP SUM BASIS FOR SAHNEWAL - PILKHANI SECTION OF EASTERN DEDICATED FREIGHT CORRIDOR

Contract Package: 301

ICB No. HQ/EN/EC/D-B/SAHNEWAL - PILKHANI

**PART - 4 - REFERENCE DOCUMENT
HYDRAULIC DATA - VOLUME - 4**

SAHNEWAL TO PILKHANI

From Km. 360.200 to Km. 187.500

HYDRAULIC DATA

Vol. 2/2

EMPLOYER
DEDICATED FREIGHT CORRIDOR CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED
(A GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ENTERPRISES)
MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS
COUNTRY : INDIA

Hydraulic Data for Contract Package 301					
Sr. No.	Chainage	Exist. No.	IR KM	Prop. No.	Page Numbers
1	Methodology				0001-0008
2	119330	237	190/11-13	5	0009-0012
3	4030.336	241	195/29 - 196/1	9	0013-0016
4	5866.009	242	197/23-25	10	0017-0020
5	21013.359	253	212/33-35	23	0021-0024
6	27676.071	259	219/17-19	31	0025-0029
7	29000	260	221/5-7	32	0030-0034
8	32467.577	263	224/9-11	35	0035-0039
9	36864.174	268	228/25-29	40	0040-0049
10	44086.609	276	235/29-31	48	0050-0054
11	46669.462	279	238/15-17	51	0055-0058
12	56653	287	248/15-17	59	0059-0064
13	59410	289	251/5-7	60	0065-0071
14	61240	290	253/1-3	61	0072-0078
15	62017	291	253/23-25	62	0079-0085
16	62309	292	254/5-7	63	0086-0091
17	64372	293	256/5-9	64	0092-0098
18	65481	294	257/7-13	65	0099-0110
19	72637	299	263/21-23	74	0111-0116
20	73445	300	264/21-23	75	0117-0122
21	73695	301	264/33-35	76	0123-0128
22	75644	302	266/19-21	77	0129-0133
23	76908	304	267/25-27	79	0134-0139
24	78984	309	269/29-31	83	0140-0144
25	79952	311	270/33-35	87	0145-0150
26	80744	312	271/19-21	89	0151-0156
27	80763	312 New	271/19-21	90	0157-0161
28	82722	313	273/21-29	91	0162-0182
29	84355	314 A	275/1-7	92	0183-0188
30	84206	314	275/7-9	93	0189-0194
31	84550	314 B	275/13-15	94	0195-0200
32	86275	315	277/7-9	95	0201-0207
33	87150	316	278/3-5	96	0208-0214
34	89680	319	280/17-19	99	0215-0220
35	90105	320	281/1-3	100	0221-0226
36	92000	322	282/27-283/1	102	0227-0232
37	94473	323	285/13-15	104	0233-0237B
38	94850	324	285/25-27	107	0238-0242
39	96263	324 A	287/5-7	111	0243-0248
40	96433	324 B	287/11-13	112	0249-0254
41	96688	325 (2-D-7)	287/17-25	114	0255-0266
42	100564	326	291/16-18	121	0267-0272
43	100835	327	291/24-26	122	0273-0278
44	101086	328	291/32-292/2	123	0279-0284
45	102518	329	293/12-14	124	0285-0291
46	103190	330	294/4-6	125	0292-0297
47	103563	331	294/14-18	126	0298-0303
48	104372	332	295/8-10	127	0305-0310
49	104574	333	295/14-16	128	0311-0316
50	106823	334	297/22-24	130	0317-0323
51	108072	335	298/34-36	131	0324-0329
52	109307	337	300/7-9		0330-0335
53	109654	338	300/18-20	134	0336-0343
54	110723	339	301/20-22	135	0344-0350
55	110979	340	301/28-30	136	0351-0356
56	111543	341	302/14-16	137	0357-0362
57	112435	342	303/12-14	138	0363-0368
58	112930	343	303/26-28	139	0369-0374
59	113176	344	304/2-4	140	0375-0381
60	113413	345	304/10-12	142	0382-0387
61	113741	346	304/18-20	143	0388-0392
62	114341	347	305/8-10	144	0393-0397

Hydraulic Data for Contract Package 301

Sr. No.	Chainage	Exist. No.	IR KM	Prop. No.	Page Numbers
63	114637	348	305/16-18	145	0398-0403
64	114840	349	305/22-24	146	0404-0409
65	115254	350	306/4-6	147	0410-0415
66	115550	351	306/12-14	148	0416-0421
67	116215	352	307/6-8	149	0422-0426
68	116770	353	307/24-26	150	0427-0432
69	118668	354	309/18-20	152	0433-0438
70	119243	355	310/4-6	154	0439-0444
71	119841	355 A	310/22-24	153	0445-0450
72	120688	356	311/18-20	155	0451-0456
73	121275	356 A	312/6-8	156	0457-0462
74	122090	357	312/30-32	157	0463-0468
75	122805	358	313/20-22	158	0469-0474
76	125700	Detour (3-D-4)	Sirhind Detour	163	0475-0485
77	131393	362	320/26-28	171	0486-0491
78	132402	363	321/28-30	172	0492-0497
79	139140	366	328/15-17	176	0498-0503
80	147247	370	336/19-21	183	0504-0508
81	148704	371	338/3-5	184	0509-0514
82	150823	372	340/7-9	185	0515-0520
83	151200	373	340/17-19	186	0521-0526
84	152014	375	341/13-15	188	0527-0532
85	159390	377	348/25-27	191	0533-0538
86	159595	378	348/31-349/1	192	0539-0543
87	163211	383	352/21-23	197	0544-0548
88	164481	384	353/33-35	198	0549-0554

Existing Bridge No – 331
Location – KM 294/13-17

Proposed Bridge No – 064
Location – CH: 103563

(Hydrology Details)

Hydrological Calculations for Bridge of Dedicated Freight Corridor - Kesri to Sanehwal

Name / No. of Proposed Bridge :	331	
Name of Nallah / Stream / River :	Local Stream	
River Sub - Zone :	Upper Indo- Ganga Plains 1 (e)	
G.T Sheet No :	53 B / 10	
Scale :	1 : 50,000	
Location :	284/13-17	
Latitude :	30°30'58"	Approx.
Longitude :	76°32'57"	Approx.

Catchment Area ,	A	=	20.241 Sq Km
Length of Longest Stream course from source to the bridge site ,	L	=	6.892 Km
Height of Farthest Point ,	H1	=	275.95 m
Height of Point of Interest ,	H2	=	287.55 m
Height of the Farthest Point above Point of Interest along the river ,	H	=	8.40 m
Average Bed Level		=	287.55 m

1 Discharge by Rational Formula (Bridges & Flood Wing Report No. RBF - 16) :

(I) $Q_{50} = 0.278 \times C \times I \times A$

where .

Q_{50} = 50 years Design Flood Discharge (Cumecs)

C = Runoff Coefficient

I = 50 Years Rainfall Intensity (mm / Hr) lasting for t_c hour duration where t_c is the time of concentration

A = Catchment Area (Sq Km)

(ii) Runoff Coefficient , C :

According to Report of the Committee of Engineers (Khosla), Annexure - 5.1.1 (a), Bridges & Floods Wing Report No. RBF - 16, March - 1990

S. No.	Description	" C " Value
1	Steep, bare rock, city pavements	0.9
2	Rock, Steep but wooded	0.8
3	Plateaus , Lightly covered	0.7
4	Clayey soils, Stiff & bare	0.6
5	Clayey soils, Lightly covered	0.5
6	Loam, Lightly cultivated or covered	0.4
7	Loam, largely cultivated	0.3
8	Sandy Soil, Light growth	0.2
9	Sandy Soil, covered, heavy brush	0.1

In present case, Runoff Coefficient, C = 0.4

0298

(III) Calculation of Intensity of Rainfall, I :

For estimating the time of concentration (t_c) as per Bhatnagar's formula :

$$\begin{aligned} t_c &= [L^3/H]^{0.348} \\ &= 3.432 \text{ Hr} \\ &= 205.933 \text{ Mins} \\ \text{(a) } t_c \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.54 \quad (\text{from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16}) \\ \text{(b) } 1 \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.34 \quad (\text{from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16}) \\ \text{(c) Coefficient, K} &= \frac{t_c \text{ h Ratio}}{1 \text{ h Ratio}} \\ &= 1.574 \\ \text{(d) (I) } R_{50} (24) &= 24.00 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(II) } R_{50} (1) &= 0.34 \times R_{50} (24) \quad [\text{as per Clause : 2.1.3, RBF - 16, for River Sub - Zone : 1 (e)}] \\ &= 8.16 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(III) } R_{50} (t_c) &= K \times R_{50} (1) \\ &= 12.64 \text{ cm} \\ &= 128.40 \text{ mm} \\ \text{(iv) Rainfall Intensity, I} &= \frac{R_{50} (t_c)}{t_c} \\ &= 37.41 \text{ mm / Hr} \end{aligned}$$

(iv) Design Flood Discharge :

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{50} &= 0.278 \times C \times I \times A \\ Q_{50} &= 84.201 \text{ Cumecs} \end{aligned}$$

2 Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach) :

Catchment Area,	A	=	20.241 Sq. Km	2024.06 Hectares
Length of path from Toposheet,	L	=	6.892 Km	
Difference in Levels from Toposheet,	H	=	8.40 m	
Maximum Rainfall, F		=		240.00 mm
Duration of Storm, T		=		24 Hrs
One Hour Rainfall,		=		125.00 mm / Hr
Time of Concentration (IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause : 4.7)		=		3.75 Hrs
Critical Rainfall Intensity,		=		52.80 mm / Hr
Discharge,	$Q = 0.028 \times P \times f \times A \times I_c$			
P = Coefficient of Runoff (For clayey soils, lightly cultivated or covered)			0.400	
f = Fraction of maximum point intensity at centre of storm, depends on area			0.98	
A = Catchment Area in Hectares			2024.06 Hectares	
I_c = Critical Intensity of Rainfall			5.280 cm / Hr	
Q = Maximum Discharge			118.852 Cumecs	

3 Discharge by Dicken's Formula :

	Q	=	$C \times M^{3/4}$
where,	Q	=	the peak run-off in Cumecs
	M	=	the catchment area in Sq Km
	C	=	11 - 14, where the annual rainfall is 60 - 120 cm 14 - 19 in Madhya Pradesh 22 in Western Ghats
	C	=	16 (adopted in present case).
	M	=	20.241 Sq Km
Hence,	Q	=	152.882 Cumecs

4 Design Discharge :

(As per IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause - 7.1 & Clause - 4.2 and 4.3 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for the Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges)

Discharge by Rational Formula (RBF - 18 Report)	84.201 Cumecs
Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach)	118.852 Cumecs
Discharge by Dicken's Formula	152.882 Cumecs

Maximum Discharge	152.882 Cumecs
Next Maximum Discharge	118.852 Cumecs

The difference is within 50% of the next maximum discharge

Hence, Design Discharge adopted	Q	=	152.882 Cumecs
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5 Linear Waterway :

Average Bed Level	=	287.55 m
HFL as per site condition & local inquiry	=	269.05 m
So, Total Depth of Water,	H	= 1.50 m

Provide 15 spans of 6.1 m at proposed bridge site location.

Clear Waterway (provided),	L	= 91.50 m
Total Area,	A	= 137.250 m ²
Velocity ,	V	= Q/A
		= 1.112 m/sec

6 Vertical Clearance :

Design Discharge	Q	= 152.882 Cumecs
(I) Vertical Clearance as per IRC 5 - 1998 Cl. 106.2.1		= 0.900 m
(II) Vertical Clearance as per Railway Code for sub-structure Cl. 4.8		= 0.87 m
So, Vertical Clearance adopted		= 0.900 m

Minimum Soffit Level	=	HFL + Vertical Clearance
	=	269.952 m

7 Scour Depth :

Increase in Design Discharge (as per IRC : 78 - 2000, Clause : 703.1.1 & Clause : 4.4, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges)

30%

Increased Design Discharge

199.486 Cumecs

Depth of Scour in accordance with Clause 4.6 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges & IRC - 78 : 2000, Clause : 703.2,

Mean Depth of Scour,	$d_{sm} = 1.34 \times (D_b^2 / K_{sf})^{1/3}$	
	$D_b =$ Design discharge per metre width	2.17 Cumecs / m
	$K_{sf} =$ Silt factor	1.00
	$d_{sm} =$	2.25 m

Maximum Scour Depth (as per Clause 4.6.6, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges.)
(For moderate bend)

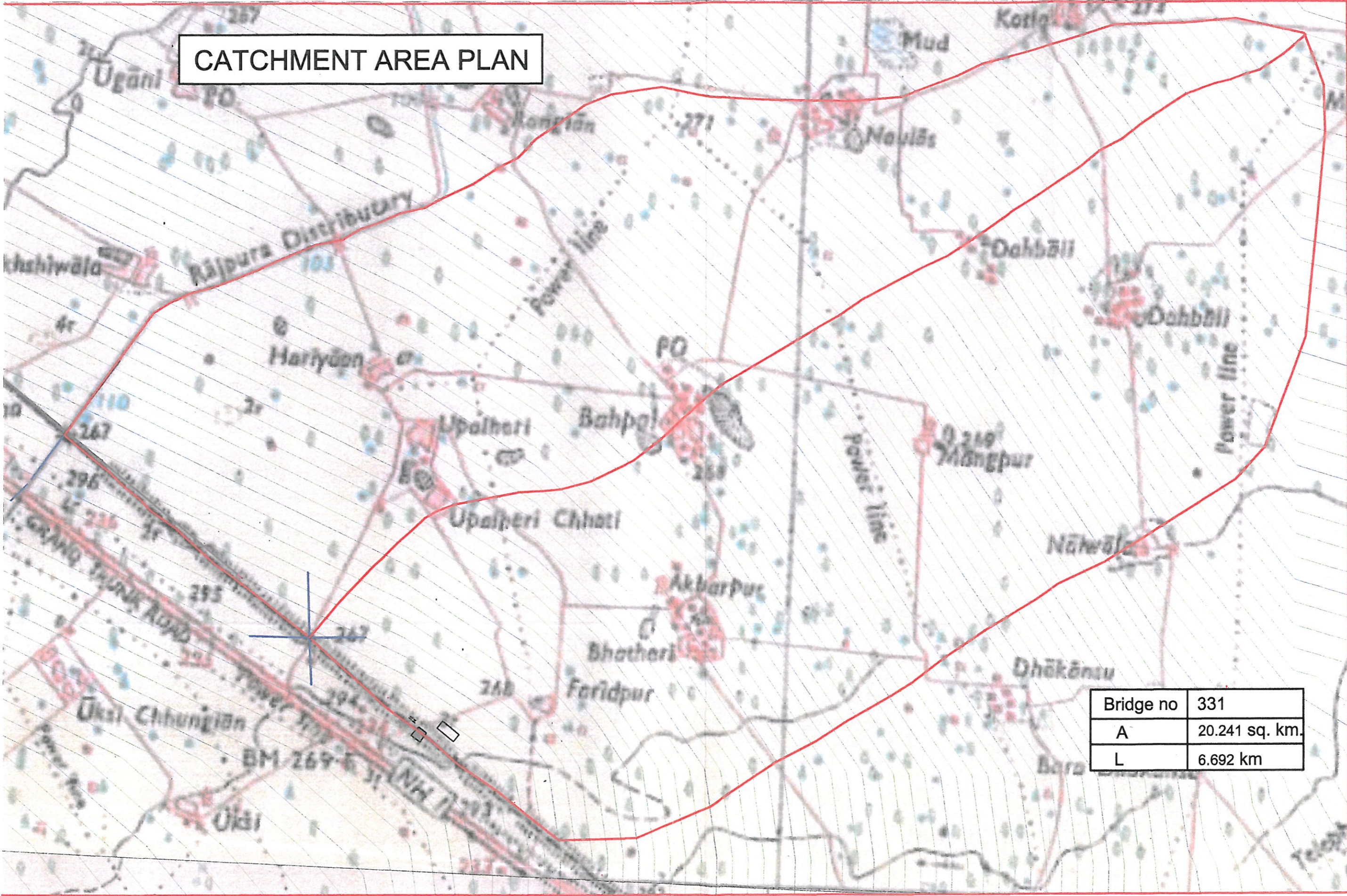
	=	1.6 x d_{sm}
So, Maximum Scour Depth	=	3.368 m

8 Maximum Scour Level :

Maximum Scour Level	=	HFL - Maximum Scour Depth
	=	265.68 m

0301

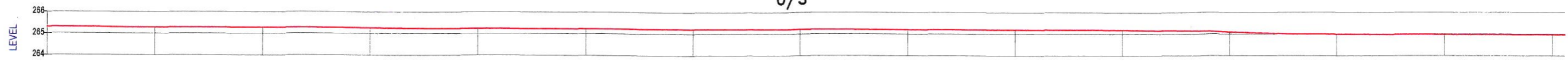
CATCHMENT AREA PLAN



Bridge no	331
A	20.241 sq. km.
L	6.692 km

PROPOSED BRIDGE NO. BR.064 (PRL_331)
 Rly Km. 294/14-18, DFCC Chainage 103563

U/S



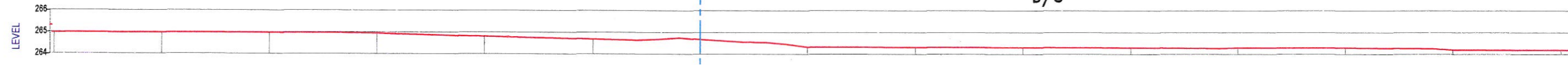
LEVEL	265.298	265.275	265.266	265.250	265.222	265.214	265.209	265.204	265.197	265.189	265.176	265.089	264.986	264.971	264.968
CHAINAGE	-1000.00	-950.00	-900.00	-850.00	-800.00	-750.00	-700.00	-650.00	-600.00	-550.00	-500.00	-450.00	-400.00	-350.00	-300.00

LONGITUDINAL SECTION

U/S

C/L OF BRIDGE

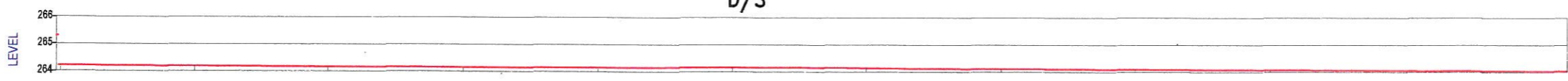
D/S



LEVEL	264.968	264.971	264.969	264.937	264.799	264.684	264.669	264.329	264.319	264.308	264.293	264.292	264.293	264.198	264.187
CHAINAGE	-300.00	-250.00	-200.00	-150.00	-100.00	-50.00	0.00	50.00	100.00	150.00	200.00	250.00	300.00	350.00	400.00

LONGITUDINAL SECTION

D/S

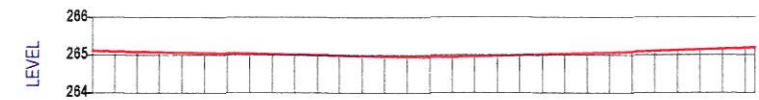


LEVEL	264.197	264.180	264.158	264.148	264.147	264.153	264.139	264.112	264.093	264.071	264.050	264.030	264.025
CHAINAGE	450.00	500.00	550.00	600.00	650.00	700.00	750.00	800.00	850.00	900.00	950.00	1000.00	1010.824

LONGITUDINAL SECTION

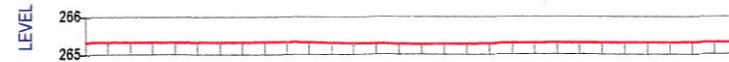
0303

PROPOSED BRIDGE NO. BR.064 (PRL_331)
 Rly Km. 294/14-18, DFCC Chainage 103563



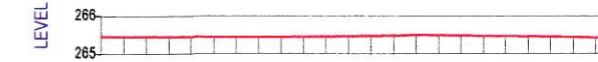
LEVEL	CHAINAGE
284.732	-30.00
284.725	-28.00
284.716	-26.00
284.710	-24.00
284.703	-22.00
284.696	-20.00
284.689	-18.00
284.682	-16.00
284.674	-14.00
284.667	-12.00
284.660	-10.00
284.653	-8.00
284.646	-6.00
284.639	-4.00
284.631	-2.00
284.624	0.00
284.620	2.00
284.622	4.00
284.625	6.00
284.628	8.00
284.630	10.00
284.633	12.00
284.635	14.00
284.638	16.00
284.640	18.00
284.643	20.00
284.646	22.00
284.648	24.00
284.651	26.00
284.653	28.00
284.655	30.00

(Bridge site)



LEVEL	CHAINAGE
285.203	-30.00
285.210	-28.00
285.210	-26.00
285.211	-24.00
285.212	-22.00
285.212	-20.00
285.213	-18.00
285.214	-16.00
285.215	-14.00
285.209	-12.00
285.202	-10.00
285.195	-8.00
285.188	-6.00
285.181	-4.00
285.177	-2.00
285.181	0.00
285.185	2.00
285.188	4.00
285.194	6.00
285.194	8.00
285.197	10.00
285.199	12.00
285.200	14.00
285.201	16.00
285.202	18.00
285.203	20.00
285.204	22.00
285.205	24.00
285.205	26.00
285.205	28.00
285.205	30.00

(Upstream at 475m)



LEVEL	CHAINAGE
285.305	-22.00
285.303	-20.00
285.300	-18.00
285.298	-16.00
285.296	-14.00
285.293	-12.00
285.291	-10.00
285.290	-8.00
285.292	-6.00
285.294	-4.00
285.296	-2.00
285.300	0.00
285.308	2.00
285.316	4.00
285.324	6.00
285.319	8.00
285.313	10.00
285.307	12.00
285.301	14.00
285.295	16.00
285.289	18.00
285.283	20.00
285.277	22.00
285.271	24.00
285.265	26.00
285.259	28.00
285.253	30.00

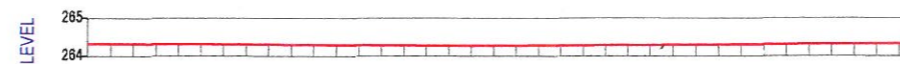
(Upstream at 975m)

CROSS SECTION



LEVEL	CHAINAGE
284.898	-22.00
284.876	-20.00
284.865	-18.00
284.855	-16.00
284.844	-14.00
284.834	-12.00
284.823	-10.00
284.813	-8.00
284.802	-6.00
284.792	-4.00
284.781	-2.00
284.771	0.00
284.760	2.00
284.750	4.00
284.740	6.00
284.730	8.00
284.720	10.00
284.710	12.00
284.700	14.00
284.690	16.00
284.680	18.00
284.670	20.00
284.660	22.00
284.650	24.00
284.640	26.00
284.630	28.00
284.620	30.00

(Downstream at 15m)



LEVEL	CHAINAGE
284.215	-34.00
284.213	-32.00
284.211	-30.00
284.209	-28.00
284.207	-26.00
284.205	-24.00
284.204	-22.00
284.202	-20.00
284.200	-18.00
284.198	-16.00
284.196	-14.00
284.192	-12.00
284.189	-10.00
284.185	-8.00
284.182	-6.00
284.179	-4.00
284.178	-2.00
284.178	0.00
284.180	2.00
284.181	4.00
284.183	6.00
284.184	8.00
284.186	10.00
284.188	12.00
284.189	14.00
284.191	16.00
284.193	18.00
284.196	20.00
284.198	22.00
284.200	24.00
284.202	26.00
284.204	28.00
284.206	30.00
284.208	32.00
284.210	34.00
284.212	36.00
284.214	38.00
284.215	40.00

(Downstream at 486m)

CROSS SECTION



LEVEL	CHAINAGE
284.125	-32.00
284.117	-30.00
284.108	-28.00
284.100	-26.00
284.091	-24.00
284.083	-22.00
284.074	-20.00
284.066	-18.00
284.057	-16.00
284.051	-14.00
284.044	-12.00
284.038	-10.00
284.031	-8.00
284.025	-6.00
284.022	-4.00
284.020	-2.00
284.020	0.00
284.018	2.00
284.017	4.00
284.015	6.00
284.015	8.00
284.014	10.00
284.014	12.00
284.014	14.00
284.014	16.00
284.014	18.00
284.014	20.00
284.014	22.00
284.014	24.00

(Downstream at 990m)

0304

Existing Bridge No – 332
Location – KM 295/8-10

Proposed Bridge No – 065
Location – CH: 104372

(Hydrology Details)

Hydrological Calculations for Bridge of Dedicated Freight Corridor - Kesri to Sanehwal

Name / No. of Proposed Bridge : 332
 Name of Nallah / Stream / River : Local Stream
 River Sub - Zone : Upper Indo- Ganga Plains 1 (e)
 G.T Sheet No : 53 B / 10
 Scale : 1 : 50,000
 Location : 295/8-10
 Latitude : 30°30'58"
 Longitude : 76°32'57"

Catchment Area , A = 0.191 Sq Km
 Length of Longest Stream course from source to the bridge site , L = 0.873 Km
 Height of Farthest Point , H1 = 268.95 m
 Height of Point of Interest , H2 = 268.05 m
 Height of the Farthest Point above Point of Interest along the river , H = 0.90 m
 Average Bed Level = 268.05 m

1 Discharge by Rational Formula (Bridges & Flood Wing Report No. RBF - 16) :

(i) $Q_{50} = 0.278 \times C \times I \times A$

where ,

Q_{50} = 50 years Design Flood Discharge (Cumecs)

C = Runoff Coefficient

I = 50 Years Rainfall Intensity (mm / Hr) lasting for t_c hour duration where t_c is the time of concentration

A = Catchment Area (Sq Km)

(ii) Runoff Coefficient , C :

According to Report of the Committee of Engineers (Khosla), Annexure - 5.1.1 (a), Bridges & Floods Wing Report No. RBF - 16, March - 1990

S. No.	Description	" C " Value
1	Steep, bare rock, city pavements	0.9
2	Rock, Steep but wooded	0.8
3	Plateaus , Lightly covered	0.7
4	Clavey soils, Stiff & bare	0.6
5	Clavey soils, Lightly covered	0.5
6	Loam, Lightly cultivated or covered	0.4
7	Loam, largely cultivated	0.3
8	Sandy Soil, Light growth	0.2
9	Sandy Soil, covered, heavy brush	0.1

In present case, Runoff Coefficient, C = 0.4

0305

(iii) Calculation of Intensity of Rainfall, I :

For estimating the time of concentration (t_c) as per Bhatnagar's formula :

$$\begin{aligned} t_c &= [L^3 / H]^{0.345} \\ &= 0.901 \text{ Hr} \\ &= 54.061 \text{ Mins} \\ \text{(a) } t_c \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.32 \quad (\text{ from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16 }) \\ \text{(b) } 1 \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.34 \quad (\text{ from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16 }) \\ \text{(c) } \text{ Coefficient, K} &= \frac{t_c \text{ h Ratio}}{1 \text{ h Ratio}} \\ &= 0.936 \\ \text{(d)} \\ \text{(i) } R_{50} (24) &= 24.00 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(ii) } R_{50} (1) &= 0.34 \times R_{50} (24) \quad [\text{ as per Clause : 2.1.3, RBF - 16, for River Sub - Zone : 1 (e) }] \\ &= 8.16 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(iii) } R_{50} (t_c) &= K \times R_{50} (1) \\ &= 7.64 \text{ cm} \\ &= 76.38 \text{ mm} \\ \text{(iv) Rainfall Intensity, I} &= \frac{R_{50} (t_c)}{t_c} \\ &= 84.77 \text{ mm / Hr} \end{aligned}$$

(iv) Design Flood Discharge :

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{50} &= 0.278 \times C \times I \times A \\ Q_{50} &= 1.796 \text{ Cumecs} \end{aligned}$$

0306

2 Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach) :

Catchment Area,	A	=	0.191 Sq. Km	19.05 Hectares
Length of path from Toposheet,	L	=	0.873 Km	
Difference in Levels from Toposheet,	H	=	0.90 m	
Maximum Rainfall, F		=		240.00 mm
Duration of Storm, T		=		24 Hrs
One Hour Rainfall,		$I_0 = (F/T) \times (T+1) / (1+1)$		125.00 mm / Hr
Time of Concentration (IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause : 4.7)		$t_c = (0.87 \times L^3 / H)^{0.385}$		0.84 Hrs
Critical Rainfall Intensity,		$I_c = I_0 \times [2 / (1 + t_c)]$		135.59 mm / Hr
Discharge,	$Q = 0.028 \times P \times f \times A \times I_c$			
P = Coefficient of Runoff (For clayey soils, lightly cultivated or covered)				0.4
f = Fraction of maximum point intensity at centre of storm, depends on area				0.95
A = Catchment Area in Hectares				19.05 Hectares
I_c = Critical Intensity of Rainfall				13.559 cm / Hr
Q = Maximum Discharge				2.749 Cumecs

3 Discharge by Dicken's Formula :

	Q	=	$C \times M^{3/4}$
where,	Q	=	the peak run-off in Cumecs
	M	=	the catchment area in Sq Km
	C	=	11 - 14, where the annual rainfall is 60 - 120 cm
			14 - 19 in Madhya Pradesh
			22 in Western Ghats
	C	=	16 (adopted in present case)
	M	=	0.191 Sq Km
Hence,	Q	=	4.614 Cumecs

4 Design Discharge :

(As per IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause - 7.1 & Clause - 4.2 and 4.3 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for the Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges)

Discharge by Rational Formula (RBF - 16 Report)	1,796 Cumecs
Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach)	2,749 Cumecs
Discharge by Dicken's Formula	4,614 Cumecs
Maximum Discharge	4,614 Cumecs
Next Maximum Discharge	2,749 Cumecs
The difference is beyond 50% of the next maximum discharge	
Hence, Design Discharge adopted	Q = 4,123 Cumecs

0307

5 Linear Waterway :

Average Bed Level	=	268.05 m
HFL as per site condition & local inquiry	=	269.83 m
So, Total Depth of Water,	H	= 1.78 m

Provided One RCC BOX of 3 x 3m span at proposed bridge site location.

Clear Waterway (provided),	L	=	3.00 m
Total Area,	A	=	5.340 m ²
Velocity ,	V	=	Q / A
		=	0.772 m/sec

6 Scour Depth :

Increase in Design Discharge (as per IRC : 78 - 2000, Clause : 703.1.1 & Clause : 4.4, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges)	30%
Increased Design Discharge	5.360 Cumecs

Depth of Scour in accordance with Clause 4.6 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges & IRC - 78 : 2000, Clause : 703.2 ,

Mean Depth of Scour,	$d_{sm} = 1.34 \times (D_b^2 / K_{sf})^{1/3}$	
	$D_b =$ Design discharge per metre width	1.79 Cumecs / m
	$K_{sf} =$ Silt factor	1.00
	$d_{sm} =$	1.97 m

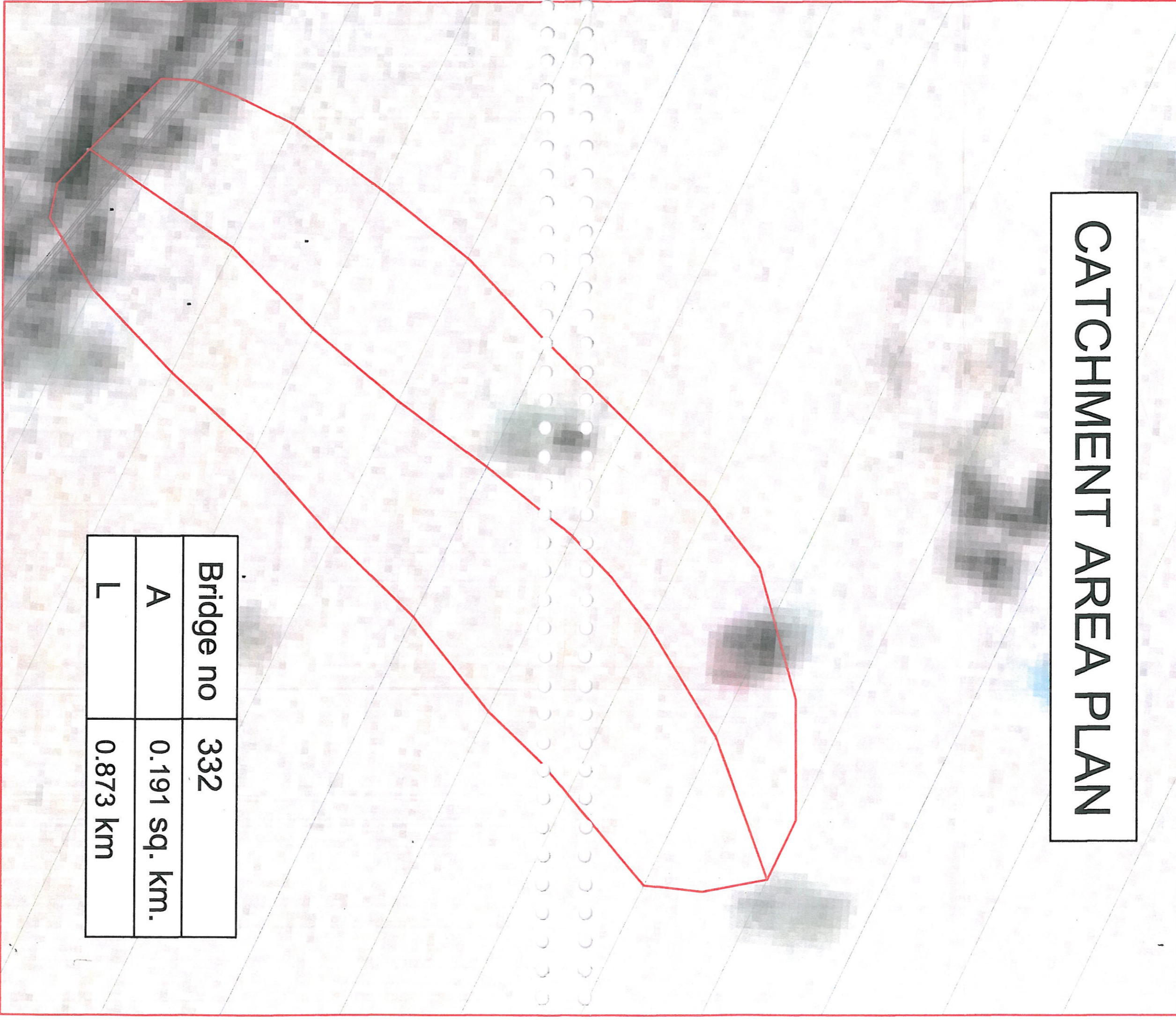
Maximum Scour Depth (as per Clause 4.6.6, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges.)

(For moderate bend)	=	1.5 x d_{sm}
So, Maximum Scour Depth	=	2.960 m

7 Maximum Scour Level :

Maximum Scour Level	=	HFL - Maximum Scour Depth
	=	266.87 m

CATCHMENT AREA PLAN



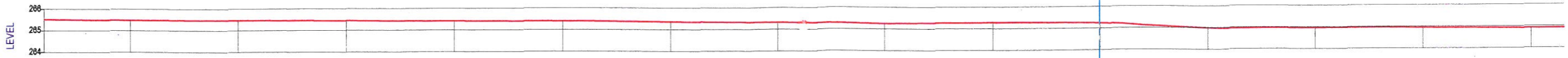
Bridge no	332
A	0.191 sq. km.
L	0.873 km

PROPOSED BRIDGE NO. BR.065(PRL_332)
 Rly Km. 295/7-10, DFCC Chainage 104372

U/S

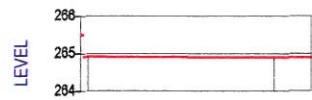
C/L OF BRIDGE

D/S



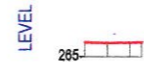
LEVEL	265.506	265.475	265.456	265.434	265.411	265.388	265.350	265.310	265.244	265.277	265.235	264.975	264.962	264.941	264.910
CHAINAGE	-490.00	-450.00	-400.00	-350.00	-300.00	-250.00	-200.00	-150.00	-100.00	-50.00	0.00	50.00	100.00	150.00	200.00

LONGITUDINAL SECTION



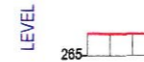
LEVEL	264.910	264.891	264.887
CHAINAGE	200.00	250.00	260.00

LONGITUDINAL SECTION



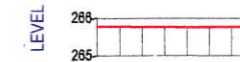
LEVEL	265.249	265.240	265.243	265.252
CHAINAGE	-2.000	0.000	2.000	2.500

(Bridge site)



LEVEL	265.367	265.368	265.364	265.379
CHAINAGE	-4.000	-2.000	0.000	2.000

(Upstream at 245m)



LEVEL	265.318	265.515	265.512	265.509	265.505	265.507	265.509	265.510
CHAINAGE	-8.000	-6.000	-4.000	-2.000	0.000	2.000	4.000	6.000

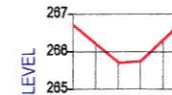
(Upstream at 490m)

CROSS SECTION



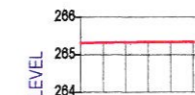
LEVEL	265.275	265.180	265.188
CHAINAGE	-2.000	0.000	2.000

(Downstream at 00m)



LEVEL	265.300	265.464	265.129	265.161	265.640	265.600
CHAINAGE	-4.000	-2.000	0.000	2.000	4.000	5.500

(Downstream at 100m)



LEVEL	264.872	264.877	264.861	264.865	264.860	264.854	264.858
CHAINAGE	-8.000	-4.000	-2.000	0.000	2.000	4.000	5.500

(Downstream at 250m)

CROSS SECTION

0310

Existing Bridge No – 333
Location – KM 295/13-15

Proposed Bridge No – 066
Location – CH: 104574

(Hydrology Details)

Hydrological Calculations for Bridge of Dedicated Freight Corridor - Kesri to Sanehwal

Name / No. of Proposed Bridge : 333
 Name of Nallah / Stream / River : Local Stream
 River Sub - Zone : Upper Indo- Ganga Plains 1 (e)
 G.T Sheet No : 53 B / 10
 Scale : 1 : 50,000
 Location : 295/13-15
 Latitude : 30°31'2"
 Longitude : 76°32'8"

Catchment Area , A = 0.406 Sq Km
 Length of Longest Stream course from source to the bridge site , L = 0.427 Km
 Height of Farthest Point , H1 = 269.00 m
 Height of Point of Interest , H2 = 267.95 m
 Height of the Farthest Point above Point of Interest along the river , H = 1.05 m
 Average Bed Level = 267.95 m

1 Discharge by Rational Formula (Bridges & Flood Wing Report No. RBF - 16) :

(i) $Q_{50} = 0.278 \times C \times I \times A$

where ,

Q_{50} = 50 years Design Flood Discharge (Cumecs)

C = Runoff Coefficient

I = 50 Years Rainfall Intensity (mm / Hr) lasting for t_c hour duration where t_c is the time of concentration

A = Catchment Area (Sq Km)

(ii) Runoff Coefficient , C :

According to Report of the Committee of Engineers (Khosla), Annexure - 5.1.1 (a), Bridges & Floods Wing Report No. RBF - 16, March - 1990

S. No.	Description	" C " Value
1	Steep, bare rock, city pavements	0.9
2	Rock, Steep but wooded	0.8
3	Plateaus , Lightly covered	0.7
4	Clavey soils, Stiff & bare	0.6
5	Clavey soils, Lightly covered	0.5
6	Loam, Lightly cultivated or covered	0.4
7	Loam, largely cultivated	0.3
8	Sandy Soil, Light growth	0.2
9	Sandy Soil, covered, heavy brush	0.1

In present case, Runoff Coefficient, C = 0.4

0311

(iii) Calculation of Intensity of Rainfall, I :

For estimating the time of concentration (t_c) as per Bhatnagar's formula :

$$\begin{aligned} t_c &= [L^3 / H]^{0.345} \\ &= 0.408 \text{ Hr} \\ &= 24.453 \text{ Mins} \\ \text{(a) } t_c \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.20 \quad (\text{ from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16 }) \\ \text{(b) } 1 \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.34 \quad (\text{ from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16 }) \\ \text{(c) } \text{Coefficient, K} &= \frac{t_c \text{ h Ratio}}{1 \text{ h Ratio}} \\ &= 0.595 \\ \text{(d) } \\ \text{(i) } R_{50} (24) &= 24.00 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(ii) } R_{50} (1) &= 0.34 \times R_{50} (24) \quad [\text{ as-per Clause : 2.1.3, RBF - 16, for River Sub - Zone : 1 (e) }] \\ &= 8.16 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(iii) } R_{50} (t_c) &= K \times R_{50} (1) \\ &= 4.85 \text{ cm} \\ &= 48.54 \text{ mm} \\ \text{(iv) } \text{Rainfall Intensity, } I &= \frac{R_{50} (t_c)}{t_c} \\ &= 119.11 \text{ mm / Hr} \end{aligned}$$

(iv) Design Flood Discharge :

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{50} &= 0.278 \times C \times I \times A \\ Q_{50} &= 5.378 \text{ Cumecs} \end{aligned}$$

2 Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach) :

Catchment Area,	A	=	0.406 Sq. Km	40.60 Hectares
Length of path from Toposheet,	L	=	0.427 Km	
Difference in Levels from Toposheet,	H	=	1.05 m	

Maximum Rainfall, F		=	240.00 mm
Duration of Storm, T		=	24 Hrs
One Hour Rainfall,	$I_o = (F/T) \times (T+1) / (1+1)$	=	125.00 mm / Hr
Time of Concentration (IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause : 4.7)	$t_c = (0.87 \times L^3 / H)^{0.385}$	=	0.35 Hrs
Critical Rainfall Intensity,	$I_c = I_o \times [2 / (1 + t_c)]$	=	185.45 mm / Hr

Discharge,	$Q = 0.028 \times P \times f \times A \times I_c$	
P = Coefficient of Runoff (For clayey soils, lightly cultivated or covered)		0.400
f = Fraction of maximum point intensity at centre of storm, depends on area		0.98
A = Catchment Area in Hectares		40.60 Hectares
I_c = Critical Intensity of Rainfall		18.545 cm / Hr
Q = Maximum Discharge		8.264 Cumecs

3 Discharge by Dicken's Formula :

	Q	=	$C \times M^{3/4}$
where,	Q	=	the peak run-off in Cumecs
	M	=	the catchment area in Sq Km
	C	=	11 - 14, where the annual rainfall is 60 - 120 cm 14 - 19 in Madhya Pradesh 22 in Western Ghats
	C	=	16 (adopted in present case)
	M	=	0.406 Sq Km
Hence,	Q	=	8.138 Cumecs

4 Design Discharge :

(As per IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause - 7.1 & Clause - 4.2 and 4.3 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for the Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges)

Discharge by Rational Formula (RBF - 16 Report)	5.378 Cumecs
Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach)	8.264 Cumecs
Discharge by Dicken's Formula	8.138 Cumecs
Maximum Discharge	8.264 Cumecs
Next Maximum Discharge	8.264 Cumecs
The difference is within 50% of the next maximum discharge	

Hence, Design Discharge adopted $Q = 8.264$ Cumecs

5 Linear Waterway :

Average Bed Level	=	267.95 m	
HFL as per site condition & local inquiry	=	269.35 m	
So, Total Depth of Water,	H	=	1.40 m

Provide 2 spans of 3.05 m at bridge site location.

Clear Waterway (provided),	L	=	6.10 m
Total Area,	A	=	8.540 m ²
Velocity ,	V	=	Q / A
		=	0.968 m/sec

6 Vertical Clearance :

Design Discharge	Q	=	8.264 Cumecs
(i) Vertical Clearance as per IRC 5 - 1998 Cl. 106.2.1		=	0.600 m
(ii) Vertical Clearance as per Railway Code for sub-structure Cl. 4.8		=	0.600 m
So, Vertical Clearance adopted		=	0.600 m

Minimum Soffit Level	=	HFL + Vertical Clearance
	=	269.952 m

7 Scour Depth :

Increase in Design Discharge (as per IRC : 78 - 2000, Clause : 703.1.1 & Clause : 4.4, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges)	30%
Increased Design Discharge	10.743 Cumecs

Depth of Scour in accordance with Clause 4.6 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges & IRC - 78 : 2000, Clause : 703.2 ,

Mean Depth of Scour,	$d_{sm} = 1.34 \times (D_b^2 / K_{sf})^{1/3}$	
	$D_b =$ Design discharge per metre width	1.76 Cumecs / m
	$K_{sf} =$ Silt factor	1.00
	$d_{sm} =$	1.95 m

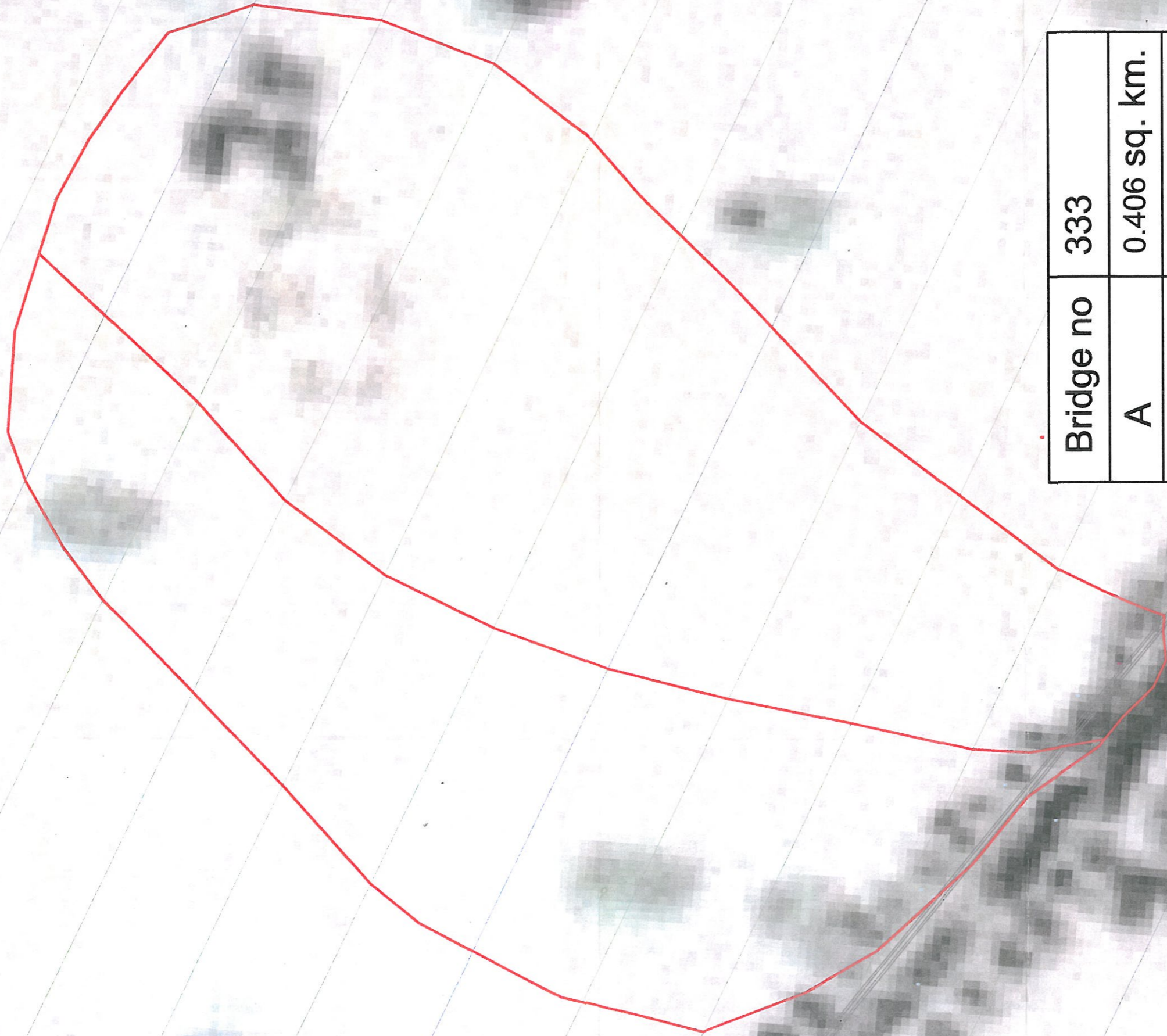
Maximum Scour Depth (as per Clause 4.6.6, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges.)

(For moderate bend)	=	1.5 x d_{sm}
So, Maximum Scour Depth	=	2.931 m

8 Maximum Scour Level :

Maximum Scour Level	=	HFL - Maximum Scour Depth
	=	266.42 m

CATCHMENT AREA PLAN



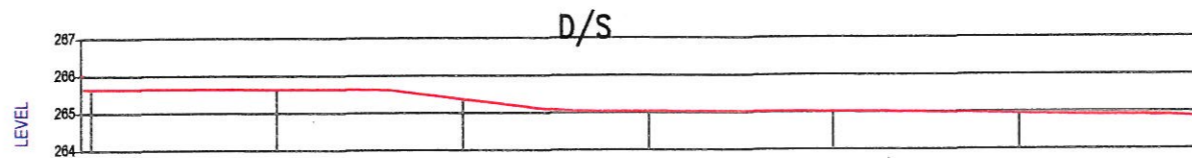
Bridge no	333
A	0.406 sq. km.
L	0.427 km

PROPOSED BRIDGE NO. BR.066(PRL_333)
 Rly Km. 296/14-16, DFCC Chainage 104574



LEVEL	266.010	266.032	266.078	266.156	266.130	266.076	265.991	265.988	265.998	265.930	265.731	265.641	265.516	265.589	265.645
CHAINAGE	-550.00	-500.00	-450.00	-400.00	-350.00	-300.00	-250.00	-200.00	-150.00	-100.00	-50.00	0.00	50.00	100.00	150.00

LONGITUDINAL SECTION



LEVEL	265.645	265.639	265.369	265.030	265.010	264.950	264.843
CHAINAGE	150.00	200.00	250.00	300.00	350.00	400.00	450.00

LONGITUDINAL SECTION



(Bridge site)



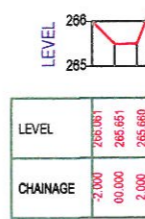
(Upstream at 250m)



(Upstream at 505m)



(Downstream at 00m)



(Downstream at 95m)



(Downstream at 250m)

CROSS SECTION

CROSS SECTION

0316

Existing Bridge No – 334
Location – KM 297/21-23

Proposed Bridge No – 068
Location – CH: 106823

(Hydrology Details)

Hydrological Calculations for Bridge of Dedicated Freight Corridor - Kesri to Sanehwal

Name / No. of Proposed Bridge : 334
 Name of Nallah / Stream / River : Local Stream
 River Sub - Zone : Upper Indo- Ganga Plains 1 (e)
 G.T Sheet No : 53 B / 10
 Scale : 1 : 50,000
 Location : 297/21-23
 Latitude : 30°31'47"
 Longitude : 76°31'45"

Catchment Area , A = 1.768 Sq Km
 Length of Longest Stream course from source to the bridge site , L = 4.018 Km
 Height of Farthest Point , H1 = 269.15 m
 Height of Point of Interest , H2 = 265.85 m
 Height of the Farthest Point above Point of Interest along the river , H = 3.30 m
 Average Bed Level = 265.85 m

1 Discharge by Rational Formula (Bridges & Flood Wing Report No. RBF - 16) :

(i) $Q_{50} = 0.278 \times C \times I \times A$

where ,

Q_{50} = 50 years Design Flood Discharge (Cumecs)

C = Runoff Coefficient

I = 50 Years Rainfall Intensity (mm / Hr) lasting for t_c hour duration where t_c is the time of concentration

A = Catchment Area (Sq Km)

(ii) Runoff Coefficient , C :

According to Report of the Committee of Engineers (Khosla), Annexure - 5.1.1 (a), Bridges & Floods Wing Report No. RBF - 16, March - 1990

S. No.	Description	" C " Value
1	Steep, bare rock, city pavements	0.9
2	Rock, Steep but wooded	0.8
3	Plateaus , Lightly covered	0.7
4	Clavey soils, Stiff & bare	0.6
5	Clavey soils, Lightly covered	0.5
6	Loam, Lightly cultivated or covered	0.4
7	Loam, largely cultivated	0.3
8	Sandy Soil, Light growth	0.2
9	Sandy Soil, covered, heavy brush	0.1

In present case, Runoff Coefficient, C = 0.4

0317

(iii) Calculation of Intensity of Rainfall, I :

For estimating the time of concentration (t_c) as per Bhatnagar's formula :

$$\begin{aligned} t_c &= [L^3 / H]^{0.345} \\ &= 2.794 \text{ Hr} \\ &= 167.654 \text{ Mins} \\ \text{(a) } t_c \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.52 \quad (\text{ from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16 }) \\ \text{(b) } 1 \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.34 \quad (\text{ from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16 }) \\ \text{(c) } \text{Coefficient, K} &= \frac{t_c \text{ h Ratio}}{1 \text{ h Ratio}} \\ &= 1.535 \\ \text{(d)} \\ \text{(i) } R_{50} (24) &= 24.00 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(ii) } R_{50} (1) &= 0.34 \times R_{50} (24) \quad [\text{ as per Clause : 2.1.3, RBF - 16, for River Sub - Zone : 1 (e) }] \\ &= 8.16 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(iii) } R_{50} (t_c) &= K \times R_{50} (1) \\ &= 12.52 \text{ cm} \\ &= 125.22 \text{ mm} \\ \text{(iv) Rainfall Intensity, } I &= \frac{R_{50} (t_c)}{t_c} \\ &= 44.82 \text{ mm / Hr} \end{aligned}$$

(iv) Design Flood Discharge :

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{50} &= 0.278 \times C \times I \times A \\ Q_{50} &= 8.810 \text{ Cumecs} \end{aligned}$$

2 Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach) :

Catchment Area,	A	=	1.768 Sq. Km	176.78 Hectares
Length of path from Toposheet,	L	=	4.018 Km	
Difference in Levels from Toposheet,	H	=	3.30 m	

Maximum Rainfall, F		=	240.00 mm
Duration of Storm, T		=	24 Hrs
One Hour Rainfall,	$I_o = (F/T) \times (T+1) / (1+1)$	=	125.00 mm / Hr
Time of Concentration (IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause : 4.7)	$t_c = (0.87 \times L^3 / H)^{0.385}$	=	2.98 Hrs
Critical Rainfall Intensity,	$I_c = I_o \times [2 / (1 + t_c)]$	=	62.76 mm / Hr

Discharge,	$Q = 0.028 \times P \times f \times A \times I_c$	
P = Coefficient of Runoff (For clayey soils, lightly cultivated or covered)		0.400
f = Fraction of maximum point intensity at centre of storm, depends on area		0.98
A = Catchment Area in Hectares		176.78 Hectares
I_c = Critical Intensity of Rainfall		6.276 cm / Hr
Q = Maximum Discharge		12.177 Cumecs

3 Discharge by Dicken's Formula :

	Q	=	$C \times M^{3/4}$
where,	Q	=	the peak run-off in Cumecs
	M	=	the catchment area in Sq Km
	C	=	11 - 14, where the annual rainfall is 60 - 120 cm 14 - 19 in Madhya Pradesh 22 in Western Ghats
	C	=	16 (adopted in present case)
	M	=	1.768 Sq Km
Hence,	Q	=	24.530 Cumecs

4 Design Discharge :

(As per IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause - 7.1 & Clause - 4.2 and 4.3 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for the Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges)

Discharge by Rational Formula (RBF - 16 Report)	8.810 Cumecs
Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach)	12.177 Cumecs
Discharge by Dicken's Formula	24.530 Cumecs

Maximum Discharge	24.530 Cumecs
Next Maximum Discharge	12.177 Cumecs

The difference is beyond 50% of the next maximum discharge

Hence, Design Discharge adopted	Q	=	18.266 Cumecs
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5 Linear Waterway :

Average Bed Level	=	265.85 m
HFL as per site condition & local inquiry	=	268.50 m
So, Total Depth of Water,	H	= 2.65 m

Provide 4 spans of 3.05 m at bridge site location.

Clear Waterway (provided),	L	=	12.20 m
Total Area,	A	=	32.330 m ²
Velocity ,	V	=	Q / A
		=	0.565 m/sec

6 Vertical Clearance :

Design Discharge	Q	=	18.266 Cumecs
(i) Vertical Clearance as per IRC 5 - 1998 Cl. 106.2.1		=	0.600 m
(ii) Vertical Clearance as per Railway Code for sub-structure Cl. 4.8		=	0.600 m
So, Vertical Clearance adopted		=	0.600 m

Minimum Soffit Level	=	HFL + Vertical Clearance
	=	269.102 m

7 Scour Depth :

Increase in Design Discharge (as per IRC : 78 - 2000, Clause : 703.1.1 & Clause : 4.4, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges)	30%
Increased Design Discharge	23.746 Cumecs

Depth of Scour in accordance with Clause 4.6 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges & IRC - 78 : 2000, Clause : 703.2 ,

Mean Depth of Scour,	$d_{sm} = 1.34 \times (D_b^2 / K_{sf})^{1/3}$	
D_b = Design discharge per metre width		1.95 Cumecs / m
K_{sf} = Silt factor		1.00
d_{sm} =		2.09 m

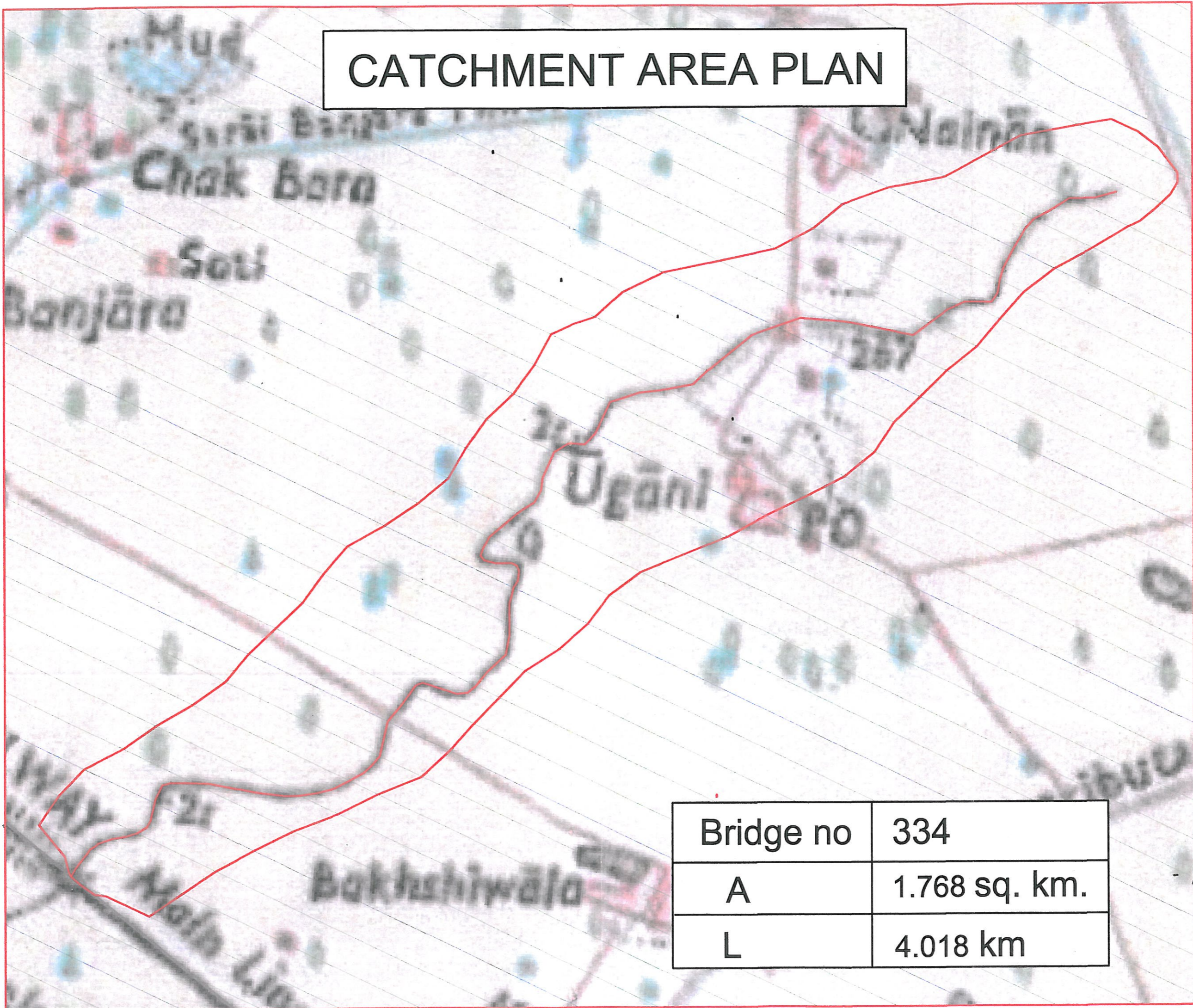
Maximum Scour Depth (as per Clause 4.6.6, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges.)

(For moderate bend)	=	1.5 x d_{sm}
So, Maximum Scour Depth	=	3.133 m

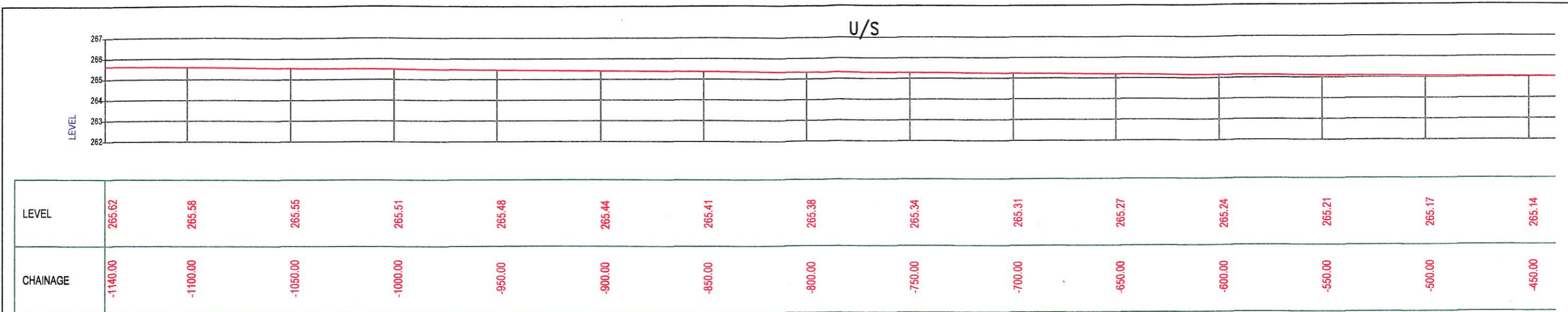
8 Maximum Scour Level :

Maximum Scour Level	=	HFL - Maximum Scour Depth
	=	265.37 m

CATCHMENT AREA PLAN

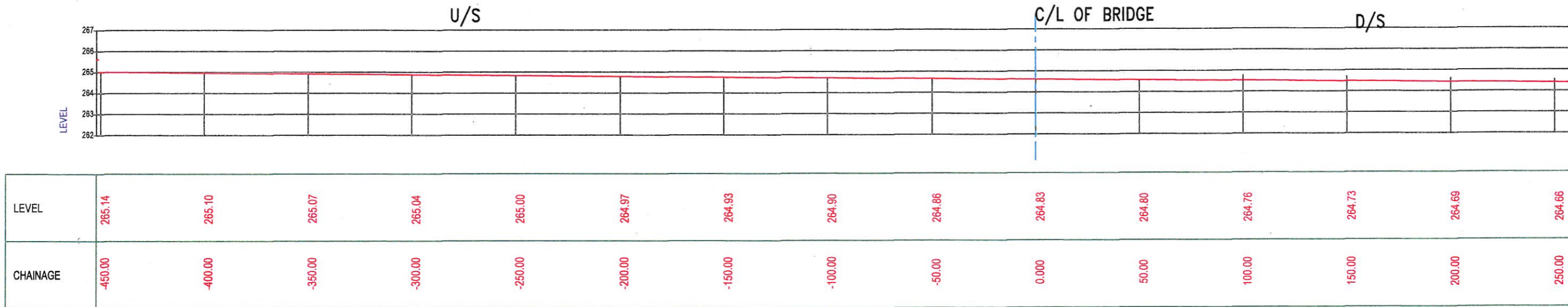


Bridge no	334
A	1.768 sq. km.
L	4.018 km

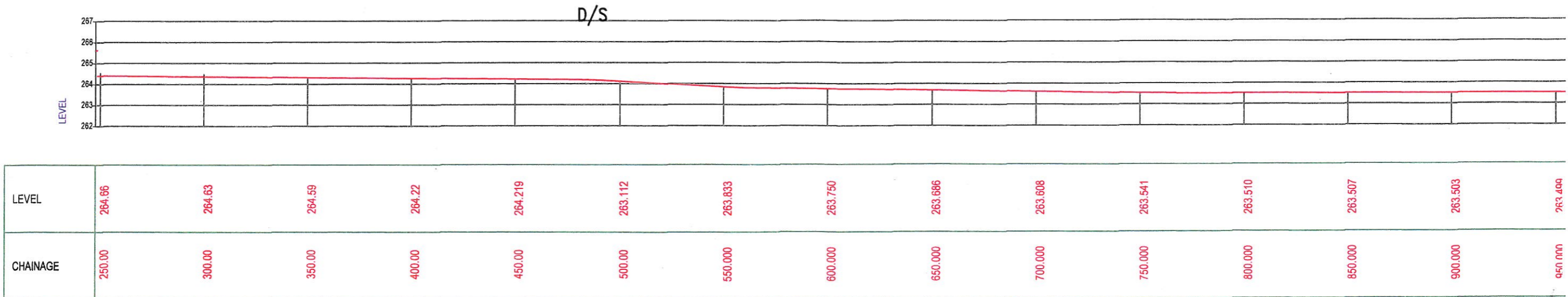


LONGITUDINAL SECTION

PROPOSED BRIDGE NO. BR.068(PRL_334)
Rly Km. 297/22-24, DFCC Chainage 106823

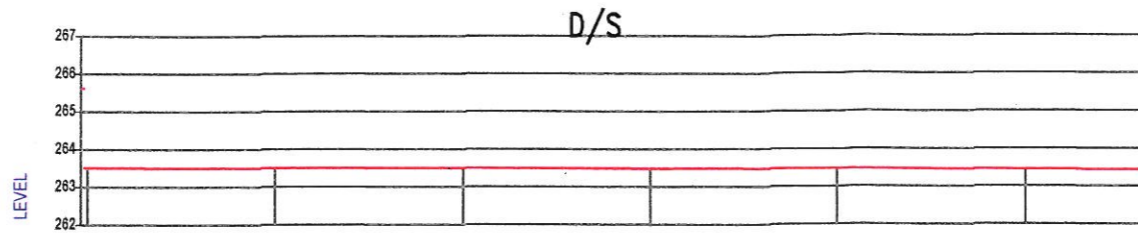


LONGITUDINAL SECTION



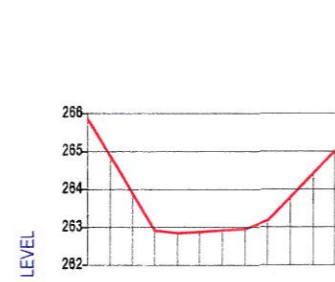
LONGITUDINAL SECTION

PROPOSED BRIDGE NO. BR.068(PRL_334)
Rly Km. 297/22-24, DFCC Chainage 106823



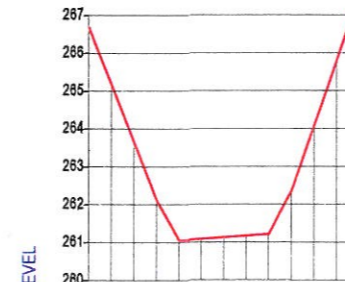
LEVEL	263.499	263.495	263.490	263.480	263.466	263.447	263.432
CHAINAGE	950.000	1000.000	1050.000	1100.000	1150.000	1200.000	1232.986

LONGITUDINAL SECTION



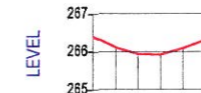
LEVEL	284.086	284.214	283.562	282.910	282.865	282.889	282.913	282.937	283.084	283.171	283.500	284.315
CHAINAGE	-12.00	-10.00	-8.00	-6.00	-4.00	-2.00	0.000	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	21.913

(Bridge site)



LEVEL	284.440	283.426	282.412	281.398	280.697	280.724	280.752	280.779	280.806	281.571	283.887	284.587
CHAINAGE	-12.00	-10.00	-8.00	-6.00	-4.00	-2.00	0.000	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	11.628

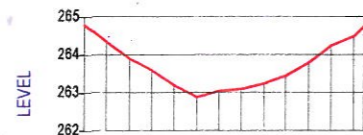
(Upstream at 510m)



LEVEL	285.925	285.733	285.619	285.616	285.729	285.870
CHAINAGE	4.00	-2.00	0.000	2.00	4.00	6.00

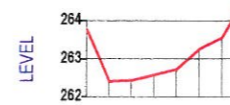
(Upstream at 1130m)

CROSS SECTION



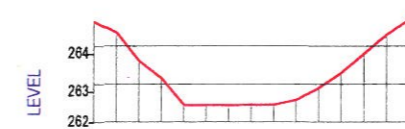
LEVEL	264.711	264.341	263.970	263.600	263.230	262.860	262.970	263.119	263.269	263.418	263.701	264.078	264.458
CHAINAGE	-12.00	-10.00	-8.00	-6.00	-4.00	-2.00	0.000	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.000	12.888

(Downstream at 00m)



LEVEL	263.872	262.366	262.563	262.759	262.955	263.152	263.599	264.110
CHAINAGE	6.00	-4.00	-2.00	0.000	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.413

(Downstream at 450m)



LEVEL	284.917	284.283	283.588	282.896	282.423	282.425	282.427	282.428	282.430	282.516	282.975	283.435	283.894	284.353	284.813
CHAINAGE	-12.00	-10.00	-8.00	-6.00	-4.00	-2.00	0.000	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.000	12.000	14.000	16.998

(Downstream at 1135m)

CROSS SECTION

0323

Existing Bridge No – 335
Location – KM 298/33-34

Proposed Bridge No – 069
Location – CH: 108102

(Hydrology Details)

Hydrological Calculations for Bridge of Dedicated Freight Corridor - Kesri to Sanehwal

Name / No. of Proposed Bridge : 335
 Name of Nallah / Stream / River : Local Stream
 River Sub - Zone : Upper Indo- Ganga Plains 1 (e)
 G.T Sheet No : 53 B / 10
 Scale : 1 : 50,000
 Location : 298/33-34
 Latitude : 30°32'11"
 Longitude : 76°31'8"

Catchment Area ,	A	=	0.232 Sq Km
Length of Longest Stream course from source to the bridge site ,	L	=	0.971 Km
Height of Farthest Point ,	H1	=	268.05 m
Height of Point of Interest ,	H2	=	267.45 m
Height of the Farthest Point above Point of Interest along the river ,	H	=	0.60 m
Average Bed Level		=	267.45 m

1 Discharge by Rational Formula (Bridges & Flood Wing Report No. RBF - 16) :

(i) $Q_{50} = 0.278 \times C \times I \times A$

where ,

Q_{50} = 50 years Design Flood Discharge (Cumecs)

C = Runoff Coefficient

I = 50 Years Rainfall Intensity (mm / Hr) lasting for t_c hour duration where t_c is the time of concentration

A = Catchment Area (Sq Km)

(ii) Runoff Coefficient , C :

According to Report of the Committee of Engineers (Khosla), Annexure - 5.1.1 (a), Bridges & Floods Wing Report No. RBF - 16, March - 1990

S. No.	Description	" C " Value
1	Steep, bare rock, city pavements	0.9
2	Rock, Steep but wooded	0.8
3	Plateaus , Lightly covered	0.7
4	Clavey soils, Stiff & bare	0.6
5	Clavey soils, Lightly covered	0.5
6	Loam, Lightly cultivated or covered	0.4
7	Loam, largely cultivated	0.3
8	Sandy Soil, Light growth	0.2
9	Sandy Soil, covered, heavy brush	0.1

In present case, Runoff Coefficient, C = 0.4

032

(iii) Calculation of Intensity of Rainfall, I :

For estimating the time of concentration (t_c) as per Bhatnagar's formula :

$$\begin{aligned} t_c &= [L^3/H]^{0.345} \\ &= 1.157 \text{ Hr} \\ &= 69.416 \text{ Mins} \\ \text{(a) } t_c \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.36 \quad (\text{from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16}) \\ \text{(b) } 1 \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.34 \quad (\text{from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16}) \\ \text{(c) } \text{Coefficient, K} &= \frac{t_c \text{ h Ratio}}{1 \text{ h Ratio}} \\ &= 1.063 \\ \text{(d)} \\ \text{(i) } R_{50} (24) &= 24.00 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(ii) } R_{50} (1) &= 0.34 \times R_{50} (24) \quad [\text{as per Clause : 2.1.3, RBF - 16, for River Sub - Zone : 1 (e)}] \\ &= 8.16 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(iii) } R_{50} (t_c) &= K \times R_{50} (1) \\ &= 8.67 \text{ cm} \\ &= 86.73 \text{ mm} \\ \text{(iv) Rainfall Intensity, } I &= \frac{R_{50} (t_c)}{t_c} \\ &= 74.97 \text{ mm / Hr} \end{aligned}$$

(iv) Design Flood Discharge :

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{50} &= 0.278 \times C \times I \times A \\ Q_{50} &= 1.934 \text{ Cumecs} \end{aligned}$$

2 Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach) :

Catchment Area,	A	=	0.232 Sq. Km	23.20 Hectares
Length of path from Toposheet,	L	=	0.971 Km	
Difference in Levels from Toposheet,	H	=	0.60 m	

Maximum Rainfall, F		=	240.00 mm
Duration of Storm, T		=	24 Hrs
One Hour Rainfall,	$I_0 = (F/T) \times (T+1) / (1+1)$	=	125.00 mm / Hr
Time of Concentration (IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause : 4.7)	$t_c = (0.87 \times L^3 / H)^{0.385}$	=	1.12 Hrs
Critical Rainfall Intensity,	$I_c = I_0 \times [2 / (1 + t_c)]$	=	118.19 mm / Hr

Discharge,	$Q = 0.028 \times P \times f \times A \times I_c$	
P = Coefficient of Runoff (For clayey soils, lightly cultivated or covered)		0.400
f = Fraction of maximum point intensity at centre of storm, depends on area		0.98
A = Catchment Area in Hectares		23.20 Hectares
I_c = Critical Intensity of Rainfall		118.19 cm / Hr
Q = Maximum Discharge		3.010 Cumecs

3 Discharge by Dicken's Formula :

	Q	=	$C \times M^{3/4}$
where,	Q	=	the peak run-off in Cumecs
	M	=	the catchment area in Sq Km
	C	=	11 - 14, where the annual rainfall is 60 - 120 cm 14 - 19 in Madhya Pradesh 22 in Western Ghats
	C	=	16 (adopted in present case)
	M	=	0.232 Sq Km
Hence,	Q	=	5.349 Cumecs

4 Design Discharge :

(As per IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause - 7.1 & Clause - 4.2 and 4.3 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for the Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges)

Discharge by Rational Formula (RBF - 16 Report)	1.934 Cumecs
Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach)	3.010 Cumecs
Discharge by Dicken's Formula	5.349 Cumecs
Maximum Discharge	5.349 Cumecs
Next Maximum Discharge	3.010 Cumecs
The difference is beyond 50% of the next maximum discharge	

Hence, Design Discharge adopted Q = **4.514 Cumecs**

0326

Clear Waterway :

Average Bed Level	=	267.45 m
HFL as per site condition & local inquiry	=	268.04 m
So, Total Depth of Water,	H	= 0.59 m
Provide 2 spans of 3.05 m at bridge site location.		
Clear Waterway (provided),	L	= 6.10 m
Total Area,	A	= 3.587 m ²
Velocity ,	V	= Q / A
		= 1.259 m/sec

6 Vertical Clearance :

Design Discharge	Q	=	4.514 Cumecs
(i) Vertical Clearance as per IRC 5 - 1998 Cl. 106.2.1		=	0.600 m
(ii) Vertical Clearance as per Railway Code for sub-structure Cl. 4.8		=	0.600 m
So, Vertical Clearance adopted		=	0.600 m
Minimum Soffit Level	=	HFL + Vertical Clearance	
	=	268.640 m	

7 Scour Depth :

Increase in Design Discharge (as per IRC : 78 - 2000, Clause : 703.1.1 & Clause : 4.4, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges)			30%
Increased Design Discharge			5.869 Cumecs
Depth of Scour in accordance with Clause 4.6 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges & IRC - 78 : 2000, Clause : 703.2,			
Mean Depth of Scour,	$d_{sm} = 1.34 \times (D_b^2 / K_{sf})^{1/3}$		
D_b = Design discharge per metre width			0.96 Cumecs / m
K_{sf} = Silt factor			1.00
d_{sm} =			1.31 m
Maximum Scour Depth (as per Clause 4.6.6, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges.) (For moderate bend)			
	=	1.5 x d_{sm}	
So, Maximum Scour Depth	=	1.959 m	

8 Maximum Scour Level :

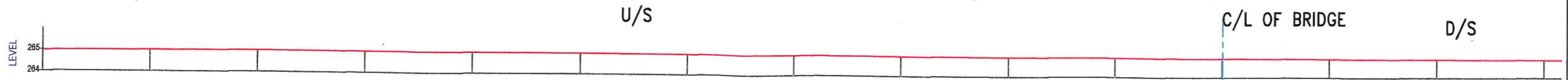
Maximum Scour Level	=	HFL - Maximum Scour Depth
	=	266.08 m

CATCHMENT AREA PLAN

SARAI BANJARA RLY. STATION
KM-299.25

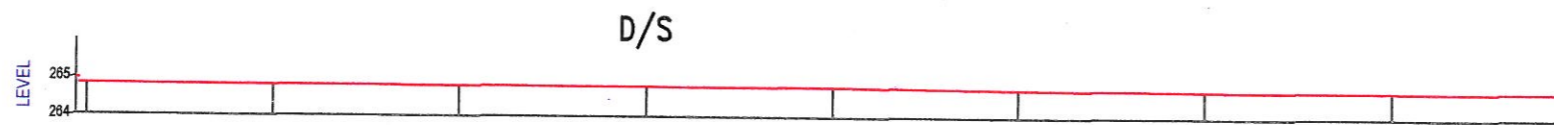
Bridge no	335
A	0.232 sq. km.
L	0.971 km

PROPOSED BRIDGE NO. BR.069(PRL_335)
 Rly Km. 298/33-35, DFCC Chainage 108102



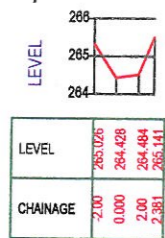
LEVEL	264.965	264.983	264.95	264.93	264.91	264.89	264.87	264.85	264.82	264.80	264.78	264.76	264.74	264.72	264.70
CHAINAGE	-550.00	-500.00	-450.00	-400.00	-350.00	-300.00	-250.00	-200.00	-150.00	-100.00	-50.00	0.00	50.00	100.00	150.00

LONGITUDINAL SECTION

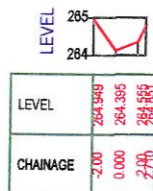


LEVEL	264.70	264.68	264.65	264.619	264.793	264.743	264.715	264.699	264.697
CHAINAGE	150.00	200.00	250.00	300.00	350.00	400.00	450.00	500.00	547.768

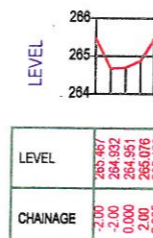
LONGITUDINAL SECTION



(Bridge site)



(Upstream at 255m)



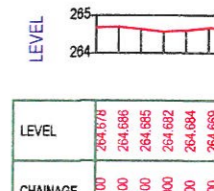
(Upstream at 580m)



(Downstream at 00m)



(Downstream at 225m)



(Downstream at 450m)

CROSS SECTION

CROSS SECTION

0329

Existing Bridge No – 337
Location – KM 300/7-9

Proposed Bridge No – 072
Location – CH: 109307

(Hydrology Details)

Hydrological Calculations for Bridge of Dedicated Freight Corridor - Kesri to Sanehwal

Name / No. of Proposed Bridge : 337
 Name of Nallah / Stream / River : Local Stream
 River Sub - Zone : Upper Indo- Ganga Plains 1 (e)
 G.T Sheet No : 53 B / 10
 Scale : 1 : 50,000
 Location : 300/7-9
 Latitude : 30°32'35"
 Longitude : 76°30'32"

Catchment Area , A = 2.399 Sq Km
 Length of Longest Stream course from source to the bridge site , L = 6.830 Km
 Height of Farthest Point , H1 = 269.95 m
 Height of Point of Interest , H2 = 266.05 m
 Height of the Farthest Point above Point of Interest along the river , H = 3.90 m
 Average Bed Level = 266.05 m

1 Discharge by Rational Formula (Bridges & Flood Wing Report No. RBF - 16) :

(i) $Q_{50} = 0.278 \times C \times I \times A$

where , Q_{50} = 50 years Design Flood Discharge (Cumecs)
 C = Runoff Coefficient
 I = 50 Years Rainfall Intensity (mm / Hr) lasting for t_c hour duration where t_c is the time of concentration
 A = Catchment Area (Sq Km)

(ii) Runoff Coefficient , C :

According to Report of the Committee of Engineers (Khosla), Annexure - 5.1.1 (a), Bridges & Floods Wing Report No. RBF - 16, March - 1990

S. No.	Description	" C " Value
1	Steep, bare rock, city pavements	0.9
2	Rock, Steep but wooded	0.8
3	Plateaus , Lightly covered	0.7
4	Clavey soils, Stiff & bare	0.6
5	Clavey soils, Lightly covered	0.5
6	Loam, Lightly cultivated or covered	0.4
7	Loam, largely cultivated	0.3
8	Sandy Soil, Light growth	0.2
9	Sandy Soil, covered, heavy brush	0.1

In present case, Runoff Coefficient, C = 0.4

0330

(iii) Calculation of Intensity of Rainfall, I :

For estimating the time of concentration (t_c) as per Bhatnagar's formula :

$$\begin{aligned} t_c &= [L^3 / H]^{0.345} \\ &= 4.568 \text{ Hr} \\ &= 274.069 \text{ Mins} \\ \text{(a) } t_c \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.54 \quad (\text{ from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16}) \\ \text{(b) } 1 \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.34 \quad (\text{ from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16}) \\ \text{(c) Coefficient, K} &= \frac{t_c \text{ h Ratio}}{1 \text{ h Ratio}} \\ &= 1.574 \\ \text{(d)} \\ \text{(i) } R_{50} (24) &= 24.00 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(ii) } R_{50} (1) &= 0.34 \times R_{50} (24) \quad [\text{ as per Clause : 2.1.3, RBF - 16, for River Sub - Zone : 1 (e)}] \\ &= 8.16 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(iii) } R_{50} (t_c) &= K \times R_{50} (1) \\ &= 12.84 \text{ cm} \\ &= 128.40 \text{ mm} \\ \text{(iv) Rainfall Intensity, } I &= \frac{R_{50} (t_c)}{t_c} \\ &= 28.11 \text{ mm / Hr} \end{aligned}$$

(iv) Design Flood Discharge :

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{50} &= 0.278 \times C \times I \times A \\ Q_{50} &= 7.497 \text{ Cumecs} \end{aligned}$$

2 Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach) :

Catchment Area,	A	=	2.399 Sq. Km	239.85 Hectares
Length of path from Toposheet,	L	=	6.830 Km	
Difference in Levels from Toposheet,	H	=	3.90 m	
Maximum Rainfall, F		=		240.00 mm
Duration of Storm, T		=		24 Hrs
One Hour Rainfall,	$I_0 = (F/T) \times (T+1) / (1+1)$	=		125.00 mm / Hr
Time of Concentration (IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause : 4.7)			$t_c = (0.87 \times L^3 / H)^{0.385}$	5.16 Hrs
Critical Rainfall Intensity,	$I_c = I_0 \times [2 / (1 + t_c)]$	=		40.56 mm / Hr

Discharge, $Q = 0.028 \times P \times f \times A \times I_c$

P = Coefficient of Runoff (For clayey soils, lightly cultivated or covered)	0.400
f = Fraction of maximum point intensity at centre of storm, depends on area	0.98
A = Catchment Area in Hectares	239.85 Hectares
I_c = Critical Intensity of Rainfall	40.56 cm / Hr
Q = Maximum Discharge	10.679 Cumecs

3 Discharge by Dicken's Formula :

	Q	=	$C \times M^{3/4}$
where,	Q	=	the peak run-off in Cumecs
	M	=	the catchment area in Sq Km
	C	=	11 - 14, where the annual rainfall is 60 - 120 cm 14 - 19 in Madhya Pradesh 22 in Western Ghats
	C	=	16 (adopted in present case)
	M	=	2.399 Sq Km
Hence,	Q	=	30.837 Cumecs

4 Design Discharge :

(As per IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause - 7.1 & Clause - 4.2 and 4.3 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for the Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges)

Discharge by Rational Formula (RBF - 16 Report)	7.497 Cumecs
Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach)	10.679 Cumecs
Discharge by Dicken's Formula	30.837 Cumecs
Maximum Discharge	30.837 Cumecs
Next Maximum Discharge	10.679 Cumecs
The difference is beyond 50% of the next maximum discharge	

Hence, Design Discharge adopted $Q =$ **16.018 Cumecs**

0332

5 Linear Waterway :

Average Bed Level = 266.05 m

HFL as per site condition & local inquiry = 268.37 m

So, Total Depth of Water, H = 2.32 m

Provide 2 spans of 3.05 m at bridge site location.

Clear Waterway (provided), L = 6.10 m

Total Area, A = 14.140 m²

Velocity , V = Q / A
= 1.133 m/sec

6 Vertical Clearance :

Design Discharge Q = 16.018 Cumecs

(i) Vertical Clearance as per IRC 5 - 1998 Cl. 106.2.1 = 0.600 m

(ii) Vertical Clearance as per Railway Code for sub-structure Cl. 4.8 = 0.600 m

So, Vertical Clearance adopted = 0.600 m

Minimum Soffit Level = HFL + Vertical Clearance
= 268.970 m

7 Scour Depth :

Increase in Design Discharge (as per IRC : 78 - 2000, Clause : 703.1.1 & Clause : 4.4, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges) 30%

Increased Design Discharge 20.824 Cumecs

Depth of Scour in accordance with Clause 4.6 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges & IRC - 78 : 2000, Clause : 703.2 ,

Mean Depth of Scour, $d_{sm} = 1.34 \times (D_b^2 / K_{sf})^{1/3}$
 D_b = Design discharge per metre width 3.41 Cumecs / m
 K_{sf} = Silt factor 1.00
 d_{sm} = 3.04 m

Maximum Scour Depth (as per Clause 4.6.6, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges.)

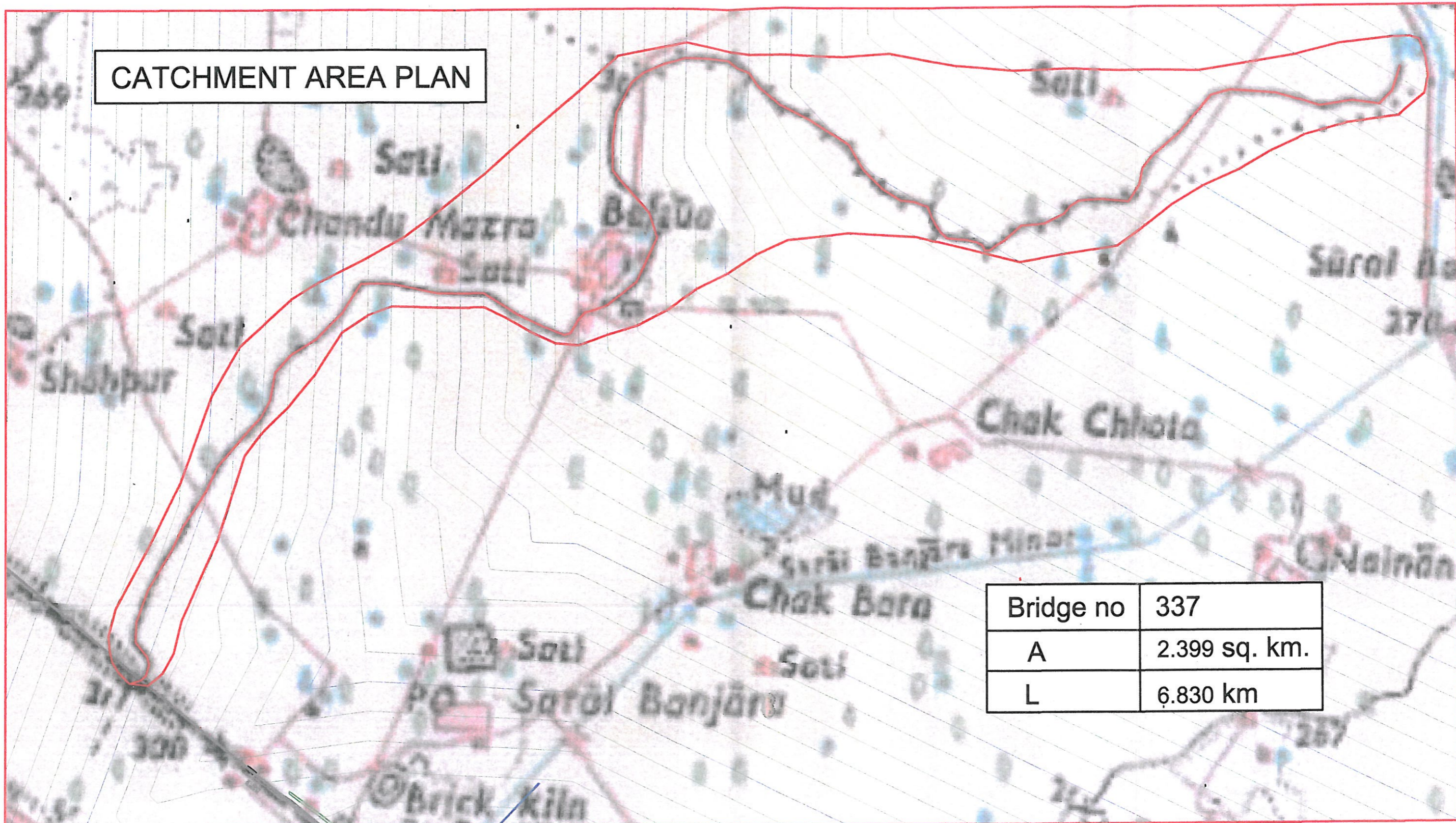
(For moderate bend) = $1.5 \times d_{sm}$
So, Maximum Scour Depth = 4.557 m

8 Maximum Scour Level :

Maximum Scour Level = HFL - Maximum Scour Depth
= 263.81 m

0333

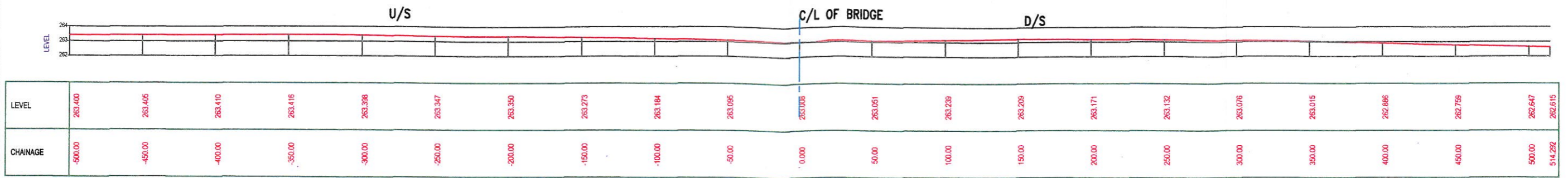
CATCHMENT AREA PLAN



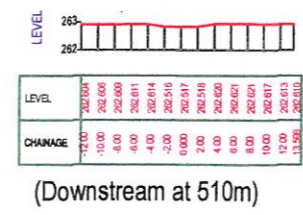
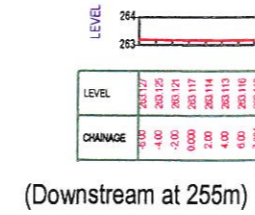
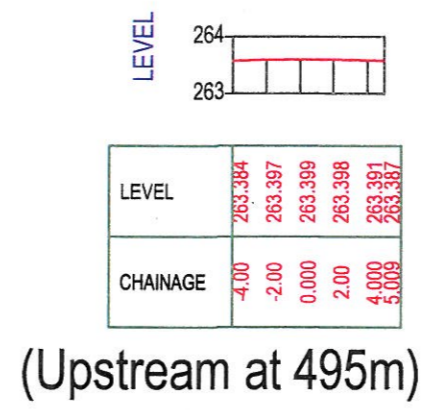
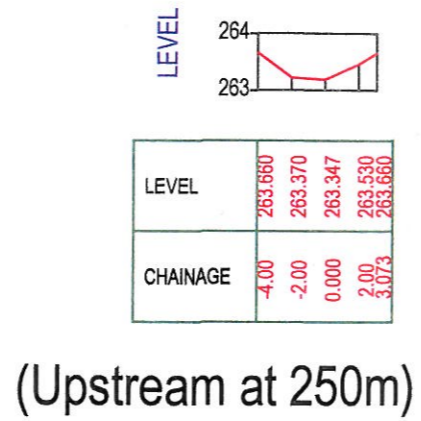
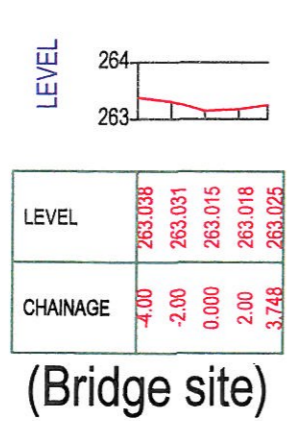
Bridge no	337
A	2.399 sq. km.
L	6.830 km

PROPOSED BRIDGE NO.BR.072(PRL 337)

Rly Km. 300/8-10, DFCC Chainage 109307



LONGITUDINAL SECTION



CROSS SECTION

0335

Existing Bridge No – 338
Location – KM 300/18-20

Proposed Bridge No – 073
Location – CH: 109654

(Hydrology Details)

Hydrological Calculations for Bridge of Dedicated Freight Corridor - Kesri to Sanehwal

Name / No. of Proposed Bridge : 338
 Name of Nallah / Stream / River : Local Stream
 River Sub - Zone : Upper Indo- Ganga Plains 1 (e)
 G.T Sheet No : 53 B / 10
 Scale : 1 : 50,000
 Location : 300/18-20
 Latitude : 30°32'43"
 Longitude : 76°30'21"

Catchment Area , A = 9.647 Sq Km
 Length of Longest Stream course from source to the bridge site , L = 5.674 Km
 Height of Farthest Point , H1 = 271.38 m
 Height of Point of Interest , H2 = 266.35 m
 Height of the Farthest Point above Point of Interest along the river , H = 5.03 m
 Average Bed Level = 266.35 m

1 Discharge by Rational Formula (Bridges & Flood Wing Report No. RBF - 16) :

(i) $Q_{50} = 0.278 \times C \times I \times A$

where ,

Q_{50} = 50 years Design Flood Discharge (Cumecs)

C = Runoff Coefficient

I = 50 Years Rainfall Intensity (mm / Hr) lasting for t_c hour duration where t_c is the time of concentration

A = Catchment Area (Sq Km)

(ii) Runoff Coefficient , C :

According to Report of the Committee of Engineers (Khosla), Annexure - 5.1.1.(a), Bridges & Floods Wing Report No. RBF - 16, March - 1990

S. No.	Description	" C " Value
1	Steep, bare rock, city pavements	0.9
2	Rock, Steep but wooded	0.8
3	Plateaus , Lightly covered	0.7
4	Clavey soils, Stiff & bare	0.6
5	Clavey soils, Lightly covered	0.5
6	Loam, Lightly cultivated or covered	0.4
7	Loam, largely cultivated	0.3
8	Sandy Soil, Light growth	0.2
9	Sandy Soil, covered, heavy brush	0.1

In present case, Runoff Coefficient, C = 0.4

0336

Hydrological Calculations for Bridge of Dedicated Freight Corridor - Kesri to Sanehwal

Name / No. of Proposed Bridge : 338
 Name of Nallah / Stream / River : Local Stream
 River Sub - Zone : Upper Indo- Ganga Plains 1 (e)
 G.T Sheet No : 53 B / 10
 Scale : 1 : 50,000
 Location : 300/18-20
 Latitude : 30°32'43"
 Longitude : 76°30'21"

Catchment Area , A = 9.647 Sq Km
 Length of Longest Stream course from source to the bridge site , L = 5.674 Km
 Height of Farthest Point , H1 = 271.38 m
 Height of Point of Interest , H2 = 266.35 m
 Height of the Farthest Point above Point of Interest along the river , H = 5.03 m
 Average Bed Level = 266.35 m

1 Discharge by Rational Formula (Bridges & Flood Wing Report No. RBF - 16) :

(i) $Q_{50} = 0.278 \times C \times I \times A$

where , Q_{50} = 50 years Design Flood Discharge (Cumecs)
 C = Runoff Coefficient
 I = 50 Years Rainfall Intensity (mm / Hr) lasting for t_c hour duration where t_c is the time of concentration
 A = Catchment Area (Sq Km)

(ii) Runoff Coefficient , C :

According to Report of the Committee of Engineers (Khosla), Annexure - 5.1.1 (a), Bridges & Floods Wing Report No. RBF - 16, March - 1990

S. No.	Description	" C " Value
1	Steep, bare rock, city pavements	0.9
2	Rock, Steep but wooded	0.8
3	Plateaus , Lightly covered	0.7
4	Clavey soils, Stiff & bare	0.6
5	Clavey soils, Lightly covered	0.5
6	Loam, Lightly cultivated or covered	0.4
7	Loam, largely cultivated	0.3
8	Sandy Soil, Light growth	0.2
9	Sandy Soil, covered, heavy brush	0.1

In present case, Runoff Coefficient, C = 0.4

0337

(iii) Calculation of Intensity of Rainfall, I :

For estimating the time of concentration (t_c) as per Bhatnagar's formula :

$$\begin{aligned} t_c &= [L^3 / H]^{0.345} \\ &= 3.453 \text{ Hr} \\ &= 207.198 \text{ Mins} \\ \text{(a) } t_c \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.54 \quad (\text{ from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16 }) \\ \text{(b) } 1 \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.34 \quad (\text{ from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16 }) \\ \text{(c) } \text{Coefficient, K} &= \frac{t_c \text{ h Ratio}}{1 \text{ h Ratio}} \\ &= 1.574 \\ \text{(d)} \\ \text{(i) } R_{50} (24) &= 24.00 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(ii) } R_{50} (1) &= 0.34 \times R_{50} (24) \quad [\text{ as per Clause : 2.1.3, RBF - 16, for River Sub - Zone : 1 (e) }] \\ &= 8.16 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(iii) } R_{50} (t_c) &= K \times R_{50} (1) \\ &= 12.84 \text{ cm} \\ &= 128.40 \text{ mm} \\ \text{(iv) Rainfall Intensity, I} &= \frac{R_{50} (t_c)}{t_c} \\ &= 37.18 \text{ mm / Hr} \end{aligned}$$

(iv) Design Flood Discharge :

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{50} &= 0.278 \times C \times I \times A \\ Q_{50} &= 39.886 \text{ Cumecs} \end{aligned}$$

2 Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach) :

Catchment Area,	A	=	9.647 Sq. Km	964.69 Hectares
Length of path from Toposheet,	L	=	5.674 Km	
Difference in Levels from Toposheet,	H	=	5.03 m	
Maximum Rainfall, F		=		240.00 mm
Duration of Storm, T		=		24 Hrs
One Hour Rainfall,	$I_o = (F/T) \times (T+1) / (1+1)$	=		125.00 mm / Hr
Time of Concentration (IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause : 4.7)			$t_c = (0.87 \times L^3 / H)^{0.385}$	3.78 Hrs
Critical Rainfall Intensity,	$I_c = I_o \times [2 / (1 + t_c)]$	=		52.31 mm / Hr
Discharge,	$Q = 0.028 \times P \times f \times A \times I_c$			
P = Coefficient of Runoff (For clayey soils, lightly cultivated or covered)			0.400	
f = Fraction of maximum point intensity at centre of storm, depends on area			0.98	
A = Catchment Area in Hectares			964.69 Hectares	
I_c = Critical Intensity of Rainfall			5.231 cm / Hr	
Q = Maximum Discharge			55.393 Cumecs	

3 Discharge by Dicken's Formula :

	Q	=	$C \times M^{3/4}$
where,	Q	=	the peak run-off in Cumecs
	M	=	the catchment area in Sq Km
	C	=	11 - 14, where the annual rainfall is 60 - 120 cm 14 - 19 in Madhya Pradesh 22 in Western Ghats
	C	=	16 (adopted in present case)
	M	=	9.647 Sq Km
Hence,	Q	=	87.581 Cumecs

4 Design Discharge :

(As per IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause - 7.1 & Clause - 4.2 and 4.3 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for the Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges)

Discharge by Rational Formula (RBF - 16 Report)	39.886 Cumecs
Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach)	55.393 Cumecs
Discharge by Dicken's Formula	87.581 Cumecs
Maximum Discharge	87.581 Cumecs
Next Maximum Discharge	55.393 Cumecs
The difference is beyond 50% of the next maximum discharge	

Hence, Design Discharge adopted $Q = 83.090$ Cumecs

5 Linear Waterway :

Average Bed Level = 266.35 m

HFL as per site condition & local inquiry = 268.20 m

So, Total Depth of Water, H = 1.85 m

Provide 8 spans of 6.1 m at bridge site location.

Clear Waterway (provided), L = 48.80 m

Total Area, A = 90.182 m²

Velocity , V = Q / A
= 0.921 m/sec

6 Vertical Clearance :

Design Discharge Q = 83.090 Cumecs

(i) Vertical Clearance as per IRC 5 - 1998 Cl. 106.2.1 = 0.900 m

(ii) Vertical Clearance as per Railway Code for sub-structure Cl. 4.8 = 0.716 m

So, Vertical Clearance adopted = 0.900 m

Minimum Soffit Level = HFL + Vertical Clearance
= 269.100 m

7 Scour Depth :

Increase in Design Discharge (as per IRC : 78 - 2000, Clause : 703.1.1 & Clause : 4.4, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges) 30%

Increased Design Discharge 108.016 Cumecs

Depth of Scour in accordance with Clause 4.6 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges & IRC - 78 : 2000, Clause : 703.2,

Mean Depth of Scour, $d_{sm} = 1.34 \times (D_b^2 / K_{sf})^{1/3}$
 D_b = Design discharge per metre width 2.21 Cumecs / m
 K_{sf} = Silt factor 1.00
 d_{sm} = 2.28 m

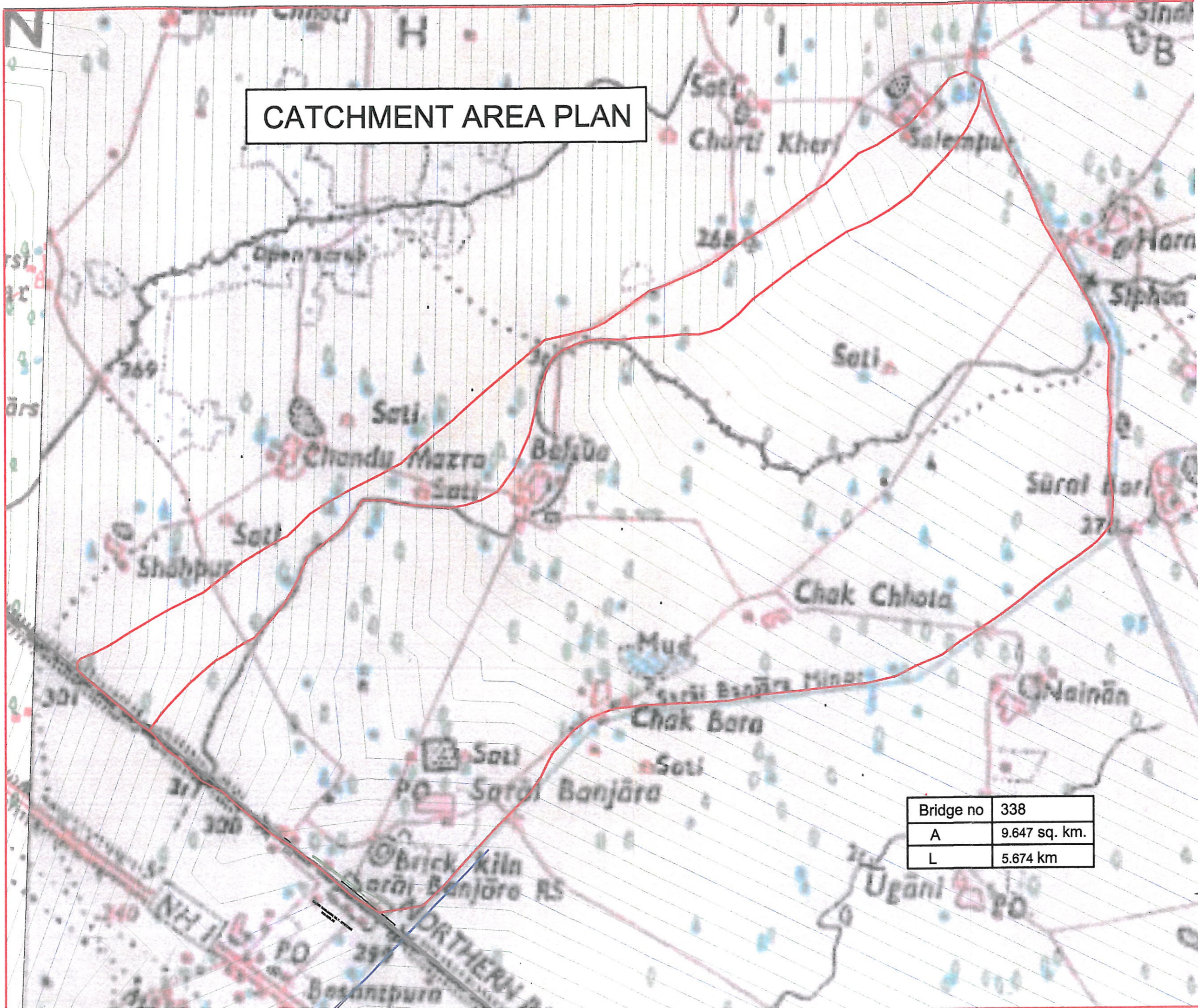
Maximum Scour Depth (as per Clause 4.6.6, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges.)

(For moderate bend)
So, Maximum Scour Depth = $1.5 \times d_{sm}$
= 3.414 m

8 Maximum Scour Level :

Maximum Scour Level = HFL - Maximum Scour Depth
= 264.79 m

CATCHMENT AREA PLAN

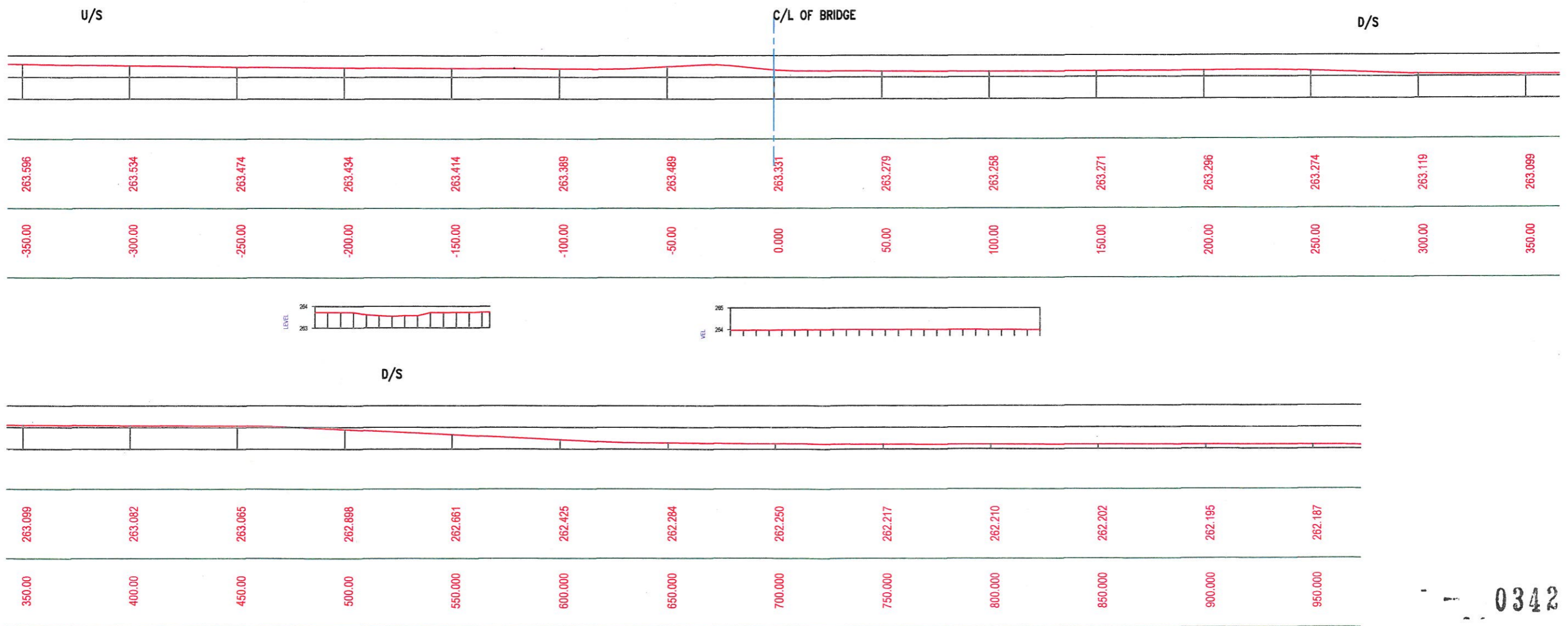


PROPOSED BRIDGE NO. BR. 073 (PRL_338)

Rly Km. 300/17-20, DFCC Chainage 109654

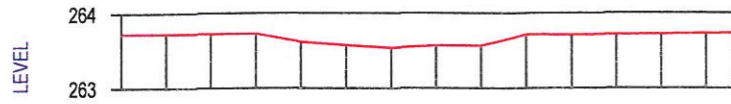
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LEVEL	263.763	263.761	263.758	263.755	263.751	263.747	263.741	263.736	263.732	263.727	263.719	263.709	263.697	263.658	263.596
CHAINAGE	-1050.00	-1000.00	-950.00	-900.00	-850.00	-800.00	-750.00	-700.00	-650.00	-600.00	-550.00	-500.00	-450.00	-400.00	-350.00



LONGITUDINAL SECTION

0342



LEVEL	263.720	263.720	263.720	263.719	263.619	263.568	263.548	263.566	263.565	263.714	263.713	263.715	263.719	263.723	263.725
CHAINAGE	-14.00	-12.00	-10.00	-8.00	-6.00	-4.00	-2.00	0.000	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	13.189

(Upstream at 495m)



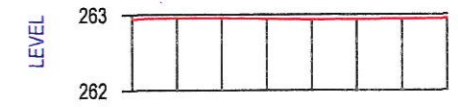
LEVEL	263.956	263.959	263.962	263.965	263.968	263.972	263.975	263.978	263.979	263.980	263.980	263.981	263.982	263.983	263.984	263.985	263.985	263.986	263.987	263.985	263.983	263.981	263.979	263.977	263.975
CHAINAGE	-24.00	-22.00	-20.00	-18.00	-16.00	-14.00	-12.00	-10.00	-8.00	-6.00	-4.00	-2.00	0.000	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00	18.00	20.00	22.00	24.00

(Downstream at 00m)



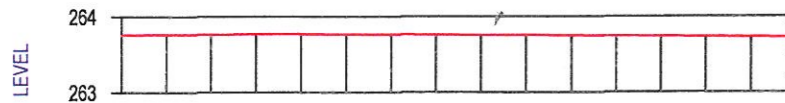
LEVEL	263.573	263.575	263.577	263.579	263.580	263.582	263.584	263.586	263.588	263.589	263.590	263.591	263.592	263.594	263.595	263.596	263.597	263.598	263.599	263.598	263.596	263.595	263.594	263.592	263.591	263.588	263.589	263.588	263.587	
CHAINAGE	-28.00	-26.00	-24.00	-22.00	-20.00	-18.00	-16.00	-14.00	-12.00	-10.00	-8.00	-6.00	-4.00	-2.00	0.000	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00	18.00	20.00	22.00	24.00	26.00	28.00	29.561

(Bridge site)



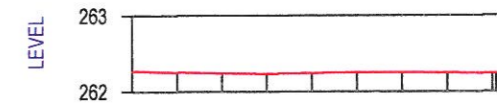
LEVEL	262.947	262.951	262.951	262.943	262.938	262.941	262.944	262.947
CHAINAGE	-6.00	-4.00	-2.00	0.000	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00

(Downstream at 490m)



LEVEL	263.758	263.759	263.760	263.762	263.763	263.761	263.759	263.757	263.755	263.753	263.750	263.747	263.744	263.741	263.738	263.735
CHAINAGE	-14.00	-12.00	-10.00	-8.00	-6.00	-4.00	-2.00	0.000	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	15.673

(Upstream at 1020m)



LEVEL	262.179	262.170	262.161	262.154	262.160	262.167	262.165	262.162	262.158
CHAINAGE	-8.00	-6.00	-4.00	-2.00	0.000	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00

(Downstream at 1005m)

CROSS SECTION

0343

Existing Bridge No – 339
Location – KM 301/18-20

Proposed Bridge No – 074
Location – CH: 110979

(Hydrology Details)

Hydrological Calculations for Bridge of Dedicated Freight Corridor - Kesri to Sanehwal

Name / No. of Proposed Bridge : 339
 Name of Nallah / Stream / River : Local Stream
 River Sub - Zone : Upper Indo- Ganga Plains 1 (e)
 G.T Sheet No : 53 B / 6
 Scale : 1 : 50,000
 Location : 301/18-20
 Latitude : 30°33'3"
 Longitude : 76°28'51"

Catchment Area , A = 11.066 Sq Km
 Length of Longest Stream course from source to the bridge site , L = 7.518 Km
 Height of Farthest Point , H1 = 271.71 m
 Height of Point of Interest , H2 = 266.25 m
 Height of the Farthest Point above Point of Interest along the river , H = 5.46 m
 Average Bed Level = 266.25 m

1 Discharge by Rational Formula (Bridges & Flood Wing Report No. RBF - 16) :

(i) $Q_{50} = 0.278 \times C \times I \times A$

where ,

Q_{50} = 50 years Design Flood Discharge (Cumecs)

C = Runoff Coefficient

I = 50 Years Rainfall Intensity (mm / Hr) lasting for t_c hour duration where t_c is the time of concentration

A = Catchment Area (Sq Km)

(ii) Runoff Coefficient , C :

According to Report of the Committee of Engineers (Khosia), Annexure - 5.1.1 (a), Bridges & Floods Wing Report No. RBF - 16, March - 1990

S. No.	Description	" C " Value
1	Steep, bare rock, city pavements	0.9
2	Rock, Steep but wooded	0.8
3	Plateaus , Lightly covered	0.7
4	Clavey soils, Stiff & bare	0.6
5	Clavey soils, Lightly covered	0.5
6	Loam, Lightly cultivated or covered	0.4
7	Loam, largely cultivated	0.3
8	Sandy Soil, Light growth	0.2
9	Sandy Soil, covered, heavy brush	0.1

In present case, Runoff Coefficient, C = 0.4

0344

(iii) Calculation of Intensity of Rainfall, I :

For estimating the time of concentration (t_c) as per Bhatnagar's formula :

$$\begin{aligned} t_c &= [L^3 / H]^{0.345} \\ &= 4.492 \text{ Hr} \\ &= 269.517 \text{ Mins} \\ \text{(a) } t_c \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.54 \quad (\text{ from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16 }) \\ \text{(b) } 1 \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.34 \quad (\text{ from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16 }) \\ \text{(c) } \text{Coefficient, K} &= \frac{t_c \text{ h Ratio}}{1 \text{ h Ratio}} \\ &= 1.574 \\ \text{(d)} \\ \text{(i) } R_{50} (24) &= 24.00 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(ii) } R_{50} (1) &= 0.34 \times R_{50} (24) \quad [\text{ as per Clause : 2.1.3, RBF - 16, for River Sub - Zone : 1 (e) }] \\ &= 8.16 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(iii) } R_{50} (t_c) &= K \times R_{50} (1) \\ &= 12.84 \text{ cm} \\ &= 128.40 \text{ mm} \\ \text{(iv) Rainfall Intensity, } I &= \frac{R_{50} (t_c)}{t_c} \\ &= 28.58 \text{ mm / Hr} \end{aligned}$$

(iv) Design Flood Discharge :

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{50} &= 0.278 \times C \times I \times A \\ Q_{50} &= 35.174 \text{ Cumecs} \end{aligned}$$

2 Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach) :

Catchment Area,	A	=	11.066 Sq. Km	1106.60 Hectares
Length of path from Toposheet,	L	=	7.518 Km	
Difference in Levels from Toposheet,	H	=	5.46 m	

Maximum Rainfall, F		=	240.00 mm
Duration of Storm, T		=	24 Hrs
One Hour Rainfall,	$I_o = (F/T) \times (T+1) / (1+1)$	=	125.00 mm / Hr
Time of Concentration (IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause : 4.7)	$t_c = (0.87 \times L^3 / H)^{0.385}$	=	5.07 Hrs
Critical Rainfall Intensity,	$I_c = I_o \times [2 / (1 + t_c)]$	=	41.20 mm / Hr

Discharge,

$$Q = 0.028 \times P \times f \times A \times I_c$$

P = Coefficient of Runoff (For clayey soils, lightly cultivated or covered)	0.400
f = Fraction of maximum point intensity at centre of storm, depends on area	0.98
A = Catchment Area in Hectares	1106.60 Hectares
I_c = Critical Intensity of Rainfall	4.120 cm / Hr
Q = Maximum Discharge	50.045 Cumecs

3 Discharge by Dicken's Formula :

$$Q = C \times M^{3/4}$$

where,	Q	=	the peak run-off in Cumecs
	M	=	the catchment area in Sq Km
	C	=	11 - 14, where the annual rainfall is 60 - 120 cm 14 - 19 in Madhya Pradesh 22 in Western Ghats

C	=	16 (adopted in present case)
M	=	11.066 Sq Km

Hence,	Q	=	97.076 Cumecs
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4 Design Discharge :

(As per IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause - 7.1 & Clause - 4.2 and 4.3 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for the Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges)

Discharge by Rational Formula (RBF - 16 Report)	35.174 Cumecs
Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach)	50.045 Cumecs
Discharge by Dicken's Formula	97.076 Cumecs

Maximum Discharge	97.076 Cumecs
Next Maximum Discharge	50.045 Cumecs

The difference is beyond 50% of the next maximum discharge

Hence, Design Discharge adopted	Q	=	75.068 Cumecs
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0346

5 Linear Waterway :

Average Bed Level	=	266.25 m
HFL as per site condition & local inquiry	=	268.20 m
So, Total Depth of Water,	H	= 1.95 m

Provide 8 spans of 6.1 m at bridge site location.

Clear Waterway (provided),	L	=	48.80 m
Total Area,	A	=	95.062 m ²
Velocity ,	V	=	Q / A
		=	0.790 m/sec

6 Vertical Clearance :

Design Discharge	Q	=	75.068 Cumecs
(i) Vertical Clearance as per IRC 5 - 1998 Cl. 106.2.1		=	0.900 m
(ii) Vertical Clearance as per Railway Code for sub-structure Cl. 4.8		=	0.698 m
So, Vertical Clearance adopted		=	0.900 m

Minimum Soffit Level	=	HFL + Vertical Clearance
	=	269.100 m

7 Scour Depth :

Increase in Design Discharge (as per IRC : 78 - 2000, Clause : 703.1.1 & Clause : 4.4, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges)	30%
Increased Design Discharge	97.589 Cumecs

Depth of Scour in accordance with Clause 4.6 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges & IRC - 78 : 2000, Clause : 703.2 .

Mean Depth of Scour,	$d_{sm} = 1.34 \times (D_b^2 / K_{sf})^{1/3}$	
D_b = Design discharge per metre width		2.00 Cumecs / m
K_{sf} = Silt factor		1.00
d_{sm} =		2.13 m

Maximum Scour Depth (as per Clause 4.6.6, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges.)

(For moderate bend)	=	1.5 x d_{sm}
So, Maximum Scour Depth	=	3.190 m

8 Maximum Scour Level :

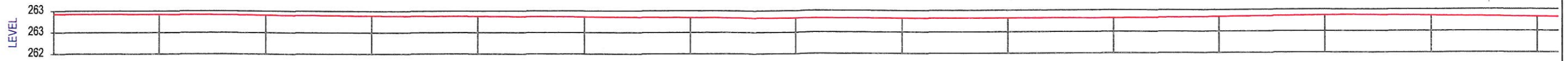
Maximum Scour Level	=	HFL - Maximum Scour Depth
	=	265.01 m

0347

PROPOSED BRIDGE NO. BR. 074 (PRL_339)

Rly Km. 301/18-21, DFCC Chainage 110723

u/s



LEVEL	263.647	263.829	263.807	263.776	263.746	263.714	263.682	263.649	263.639	263.635	263.630	263.676	263.725	263.700	263.646
CHAINAGE	-1000.00	-950.00	-900.00	-850.00	-800.00	-750.00	-700.00	-650.00	-600.00	-550.00	-500.00	-450.00	-400.00	-350.00	-300.00

u/s

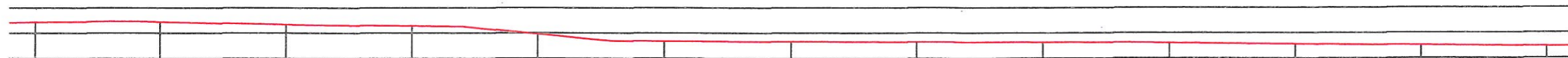
C/L OF BRIDGE

D/S



263.646	263.592	263.522	263.395	263.268	263.228	263.234	263.285	263.383	263.456	263.482	263.477	263.459	263.420	263.424
-300.00	-250.00	-200.00	-150.00	-100.00	-50.00	0.000	50.00	100.00	150.00	200.00	250.00	300.00	350.00	400.00

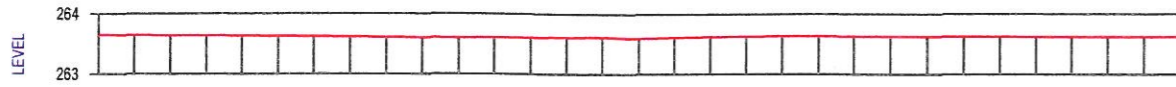
D/S



263.424	263.438	263.335	263.279	262.959	262.672	262.659	262.644	262.627	262.622	262.619	262.613	262.599	262.589
400.00	450.00	500.00	550.000	600.000	650.000	700.000	750.000	800.000	850.000	900.000	950.000	1000.000	1014.617

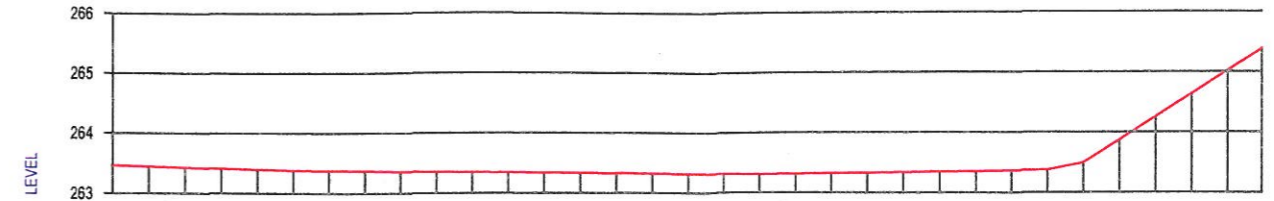
LONGITUDINAL SECTION

0349



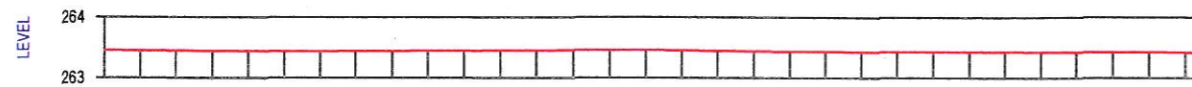
LEVEL	CHAINAGE
263.658	-28.00
263.655	-26.00
263.652	-24.00
263.648	-22.00
263.645	-20.00
263.642	-18.00
263.639	-16.00
263.636	-14.00
263.632	-12.00
263.629	-10.00
263.626	-8.00
263.627	-6.00
263.630	-4.00
263.633	-2.00
263.637	0.000
263.640	2.00
263.643	4.00
263.646	6.00
263.647	8.00
263.646	10.00
263.645	12.00
263.644	14.00
263.644	16.00
263.643	18.00
263.642	20.00
263.642	22.00
263.641	24.00
263.640	26.00
263.639	28.00
263.639	30.000
263.638	32.000

(Upstream at 495m)



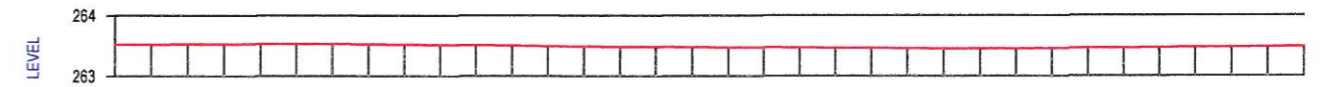
LEVEL	CHAINAGE
263.305	-28.00
263.294	-26.00
263.283	-24.00
263.273	-22.00
263.262	-20.00
263.252	-18.00
263.247	-16.00
263.242	-14.00
263.237	-12.00
263.232	-10.00
263.228	-8.00
263.225	-6.00
263.221	-4.00
263.218	-2.00
263.214	0.000
263.211	2.00
263.207	4.00
263.204	6.00
263.201	8.00
263.205	10.00
263.211	12.00
263.217	14.00
263.222	16.00
263.228	18.00
263.234	20.00
263.240	22.00
263.246	24.00
263.324	26.00
263.579	28.00
263.833	30.000
264.088	32.000
264.343	34.000
264.585	35.900

(Downstream at 00m)



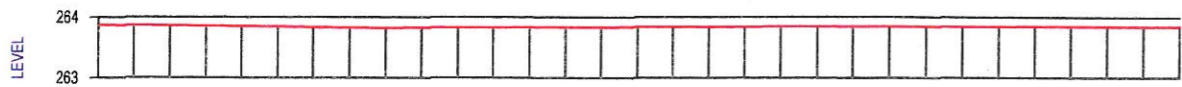
LEVEL	CHAINAGE
263.300	-28.00
263.298	-26.00
263.296	-24.00
263.294	-22.00
263.292	-20.00
263.290	-18.00
263.290	-16.00
263.292	-14.00
263.294	-12.00
263.296	-10.00
263.298	-8.00
263.300	-6.00
263.302	-4.00
263.303	-2.00
263.305	0.000
263.304	2.00
263.300	4.00
263.297	6.00
263.294	8.00
263.290	10.00
263.289	12.00
263.288	14.00
263.287	16.00
263.286	18.00
263.285	20.00
263.284	22.00
263.283	24.00
263.283	26.00
263.282	28.00
263.281	30.000
263.280	32.000
263.280	33.071

(Bridge site)



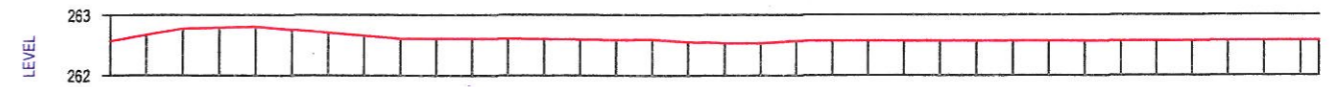
LEVEL	CHAINAGE
263.347	-28.00
263.349	-26.00
263.350	-24.00
263.352	-22.00
263.353	-20.00
263.355	-18.00
263.354	-16.00
263.351	-14.00
263.347	-12.00
263.343	-10.00
263.339	-8.00
263.335	-6.00
263.331	-4.00
263.327	-2.00
263.324	0.000
263.321	2.00
263.319	4.00
263.317	6.00
263.314	8.00
263.312	10.00
263.309	12.00
263.307	14.00
263.304	16.00
263.302	18.00
263.300	20.00
263.303	22.00
263.305	24.00
263.307	26.00
263.309	28.00
263.312	30.000
263.314	32.000
263.316	34.000
263.318	36.000
263.321	36.000

(Downstream at 495m)



LEVEL	CHAINAGE
263.865	-28.00
263.861	-26.00
263.858	-24.00
263.854	-22.00
263.851	-20.00
263.847	-18.00
263.844	-16.00
263.840	-14.00
263.836	-12.00
263.837	-10.00
263.838	-8.00
263.839	-6.00
263.840	-4.00
263.841	-2.00
263.843	0.000
263.844	2.00
263.845	4.00
263.846	6.00
263.847	8.00
263.847	10.00
263.848	12.00
263.848	14.00
263.849	16.00
263.849	18.00
263.850	20.00
263.850	22.00
263.851	24.00
263.851	26.00
263.852	28.00
263.852	30.000
263.853	32.000

(Upstream at 990m)



LEVEL	CHAINAGE
262.635	-28.00
262.704	-26.00
262.773	-24.00
262.725	-22.00
262.702	-20.00
262.689	-18.00
262.665	-16.00
262.635	-14.00
262.620	-12.00
262.618	-10.00
262.617	-8.00
262.616	-6.00
262.614	-4.00
262.613	-2.00
262.608	0.000
262.611	2.00
262.613	4.00
262.615	6.00
262.618	8.00
262.621	10.00
262.625	12.00
262.632	14.00
262.635	16.00
262.636	18.00
262.636	20.00
262.636	22.00
262.637	24.00
262.637	26.00
262.638	28.00
262.638	30.000
262.639	32.000
262.639	34.000
262.639	36.000
262.640	38.000
262.640	39.006

(Downstream at 10005m)

CROSS SECTION

Existing Bridge No – 340
Location – KM 301/27-29

Proposed Bridge No – 075
Location – CH: 110979

(Hydrology Details)

Hydrological Calculations for Bridge of Dedicated Freight Corridor - Kesri to Sanehwal

Name / No. of Proposed Bridge : 340
 Name of Nallah / Stream / River : Local Stream
 River Sub - Zone : Upper Indo- Ganga Plains 1 (e)
 G.T Sheet No : 53 B / 6
 Scale : 1 : 50,000
 Location : 301/27-29
 Latitude : 30°33'8"
 Longitude : 76°28'42"

Catchment Area , A = 2.472 Sq Km
 Length of Longest Stream course from source to the bridge site , L = 5.261 Km
 Height of Farthest Point , H1 = 270.04 m
 Height of Point of Interest , H2 = 265.44 m
 Height of the Farthest Point above Point of Interest along the river , H = 4.60 m
 Average Bed Level = 265.44 m

1 Discharge by Rational Formula (Bridges & Flood Wing Report No. RBF - 16) :

(i) $Q_{50} = 0.278 \times C \times I \times A$

where , Q_{50} = 50 years Design Flood Discharge (Cumecs)
 C = Runoff Coefficient
 I = 50 Years Rainfall Intensity (mm / Hr) lasting for t_c hour duration where t_c is the time of concentration
 A = Catchment Area (Sq Km)

(ii) Runoff Coefficient , C :

According to Report of the Committee of Engineers (Khosla), Annexure - 5.1.1 (a), Bridges & Floods Wing Report No. RBF - 16, March - 1990

S. No.	Description	" C " Value
1	Steep, bare rock, city pavements	0.9
2	Rock, Steep but wooded	0.8
3	Plateaus , Lightly covered	0.7
4	Clavey soils, Stiff & bare	0.6
5	Clavey soils, Lightly covered	0.5
6	Loam, Lightly cultivated or covered	0.4
7	Loam, largely cultivated	0.3
8	Sandy Soil, Light growth	0.2
9	Sandy Soil, covered, heavy brush	0.1

In present case, Runoff Coefficient, C = 0.4

0351

(iii) Calculation of Intensity of Rainfall, I :

For estimating the time of concentration (t_c) as per Bhatnagar's formula :

$$\begin{aligned} t_c &= [L^3 / H]^{0.345} \\ &= 3.293 \text{ Hr} \\ &= 197.608 \text{ Mins} \\ \text{(a) } t_c \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.54 \quad (\text{ from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16 }) \\ \text{(b) } 1 \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.34 \quad (\text{ from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16 }) \\ \text{(c) } \text{Coefficient, K} &= \frac{t_c \text{ h Ratio}}{1 \text{ h Ratio}} \\ &= 1.588 \\ \text{(d) } \\ \text{(i) } R_{50} (24) &= 24.00 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(ii) } R_{50} (1) &= 0.34 \times R_{50} (24) \quad [\text{ as per Clause : 2.1.3, RBF - 16, for River Sub - Zone : 1 (e) }] \\ &= 8.16 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(iii) } R_{50} (t_c) &= K \times R_{50} (1) \\ &= 12.96 \text{ cm} \\ &= 129.60 \text{ mm} \\ \text{(iv) } \text{Rainfall Intensity, } I &= \frac{R_{50} (t_c)}{t_c} \\ &= 39.35 \text{ mm / Hr} \end{aligned}$$

(iv) Design Flood Discharge :

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{50} &= 0.278 \times C \times I \times A \\ Q_{50} &= 10.816 \text{ Cumecs} \end{aligned}$$

2 Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach) :

Catchment Area,	A	=	2.472 Sq. Km	247.17 Hectares
Length of path from Toposheet,	L	=	5.261 Km	
Difference in Levels from Toposheet,	H	=	4.60 m	
Maximum Rainfall, F		=		240.00 mm
Duration of Storm, T		=		24 Hrs
One Hour Rainfall,	$I_o = (F/T) \times (T+1) / (1+1)$	=		125.00 mm / Hr
Time of Concentration (IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause : 4.7)			$t_c = (0.87 \times L^3 / H)^{0.385}$	3.58 Hrs
Critical Rainfall Intensity,	$I_c = I_o \times [2 / (1 + t_c)]$	=		54.54 mm / Hr

Discharge,	$Q = 0.028 \times P \times f \times A \times I_c$	
P = Coefficient of Runoff (For clayey soils, lightly cultivated or covered)		0.400
f = Fraction of maximum point intensity at centre of storm, depends on area		0.98
A = Catchment Area in Hectares		247.17 Hectares
I_c = Critical Intensity of Rainfall		5.454 cm / Hr
Q = Maximum Discharge		14.795 Cumecs

3 Discharge by Dicken's Formula :

	Q	=	$C \times M^{3/4}$
where,	Q	=	the peak run-off in Cumecs
	M	=	the catchment area in Sq Km
	C	=	11 - 14, where the annual rainfall is 60 - 120 cm 14 - 19 in Madhya Pradesh 22 in Western Ghats
	C	=	16 (adopted in present case)
	M	=	2.472 Sq Km
Hence,	Q	=	31.541 Cumecs

4 Design Discharge :

(As per IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause - 7.1 & Clause - 4.2 and 4.3 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for the Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges)

Discharge by Rational Formula (RBF - 16 Report)	10.816 Cumecs
Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach)	14.795 Cumecs
Discharge by Dicken's Formula	31.541 Cumecs
Maximum Discharge	31.541 Cumecs
Next Maximum Discharge	14.795 Cumecs
The difference is beyond 50% of the next maximum discharge	

Hence, Design Discharge adopted Q = 22.193 Cumecs

5 Linear Waterway :

Average Bed Level	=	265.44 m
HFL as per site condition & local inquiry	=	267.85 m
So, Total Depth of Water,	H	= 2.41 m

Provide 2 spans of 9.15m at proposed site location.

Clear Waterway (provided),	L	= 18.30 m
Total Area,	A	= 44.030 m ²
Velocity ,	V	= Q / A
		= 0.504 m/sec

6 Vertical Clearance :

Design Discharge	Q	= 22.193 Cumecs
(i) Vertical Clearance as per IRC 5 - 1998 Cl. 106.2.1	=	0.600 m
(ii) Vertical Clearance as per Railway Code for sub-structure Cl. 4.8	=	0.600 m
So, Vertical Clearance adopted	=	0.600 m

Minimum Soffit Level	=	HFL + Vertical Clearance
	=	268.450 m

7 Scour Depth :

Increase in Design Discharge (as per IRC : 78 - 2000, Clause : 703.1.1 & Clause : 4.4, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges)	30%
Increased Design Discharge	28.851 Cumecs

Depth of Scour in accordance with Clause 4.6 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges & IRC - 78 : 2000, Clause : 703.2 ,

Mean Depth of Scour,	$d_{sm} = 1.34 \times (D_b^2 / K_{sf})^{1/3}$	
D_b = Design discharge per metre width		1.58 Cumecs / m
K_{sf} = Silt factor		1.00
d_{sm} =		1.82 m

Maximum Scour Depth (as per Clause 4.6.6, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges.)

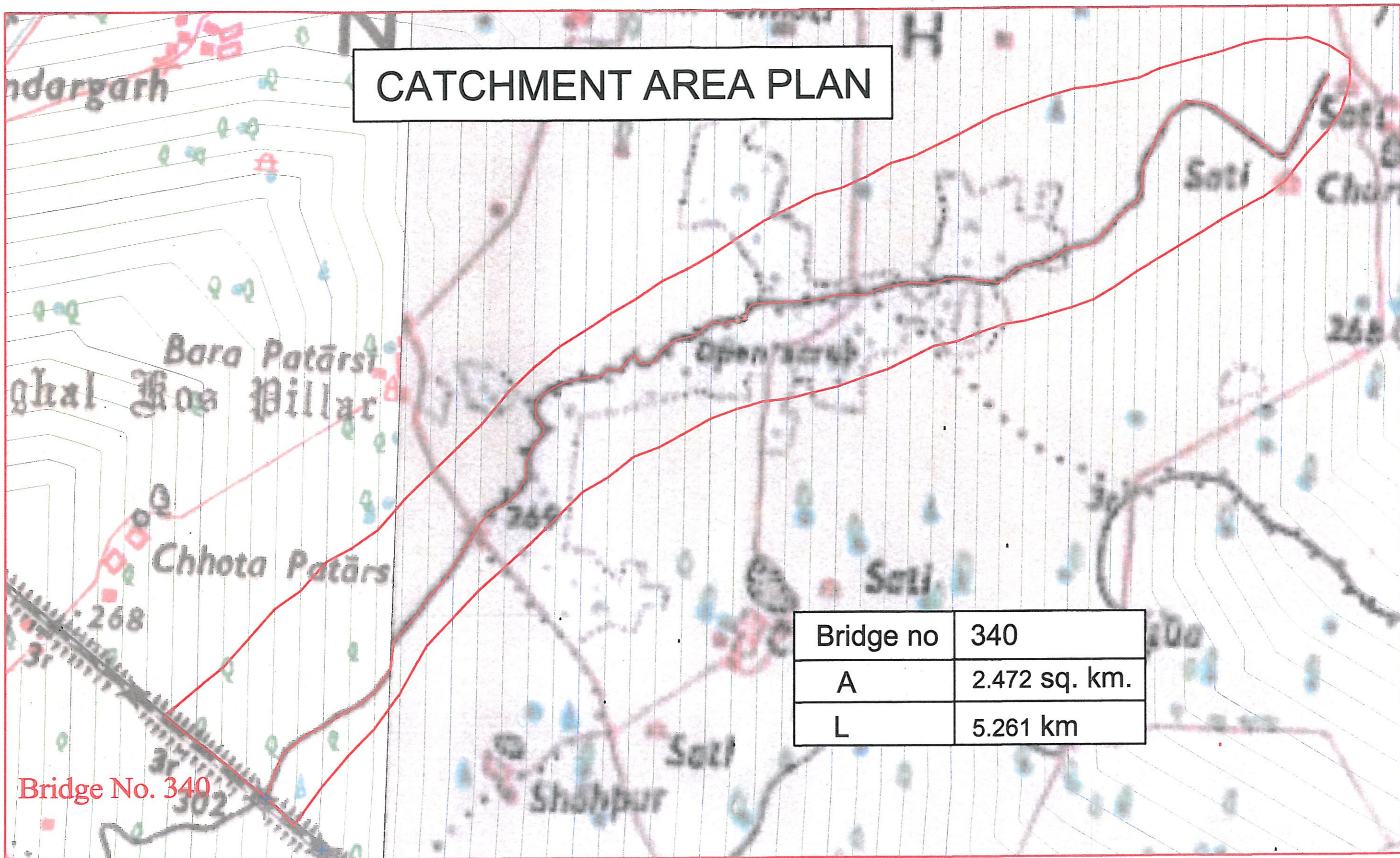
(For moderate bend)	=	1.5 x d_{sm}
So, Maximum Scour Depth	=	2.723 m

8 Maximum Scour Level :

Maximum Scour Level	=	HFL - Maximum Scour Depth
	=	265.13 m

0354

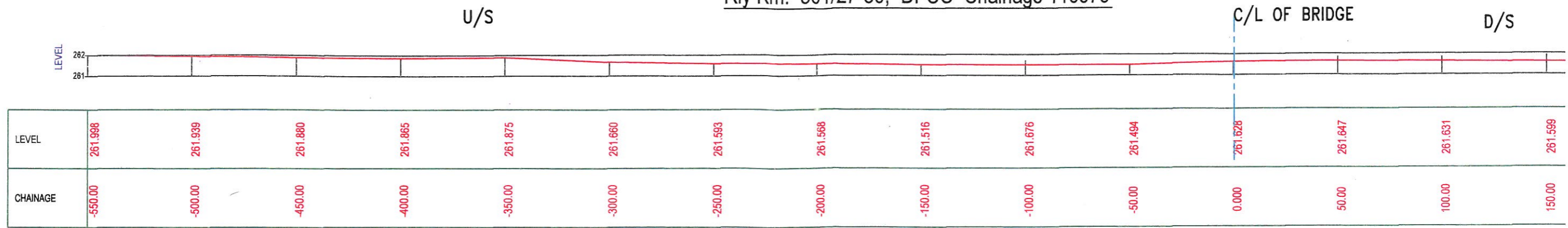
CATCHMENT AREA PLAN



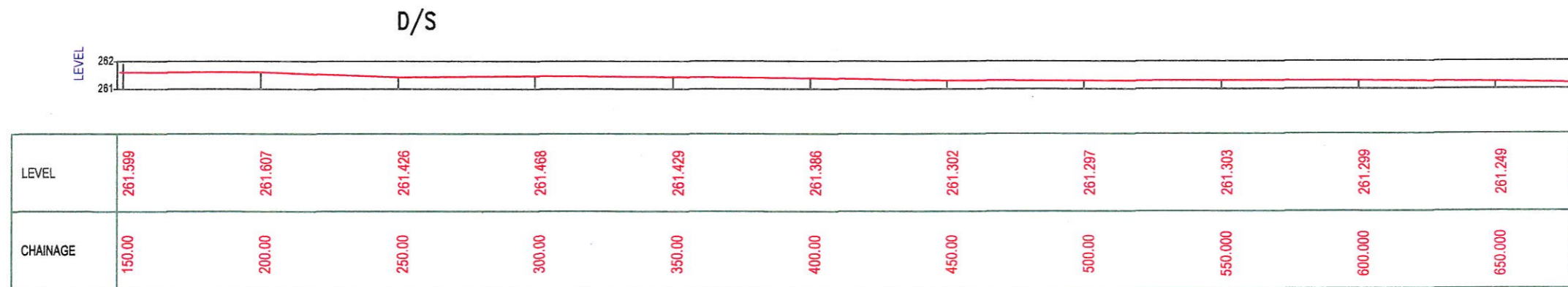
Bridge No. 340

Bridge no	340
A	2.472 sq. km.
L	5.261 km

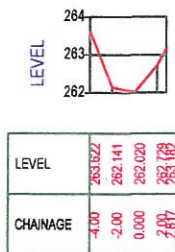
PROPOSED BRIDGE NO. BR.075(PRL_340)
Rly Km. 301/27-30, DFCC Chainage 110979



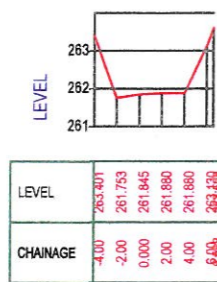
LONGITUDINAL SECTION



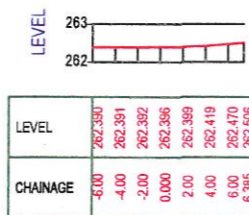
LONGITUDINAL SECTION



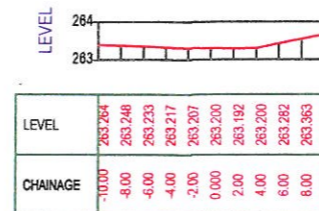
(Bridge site)



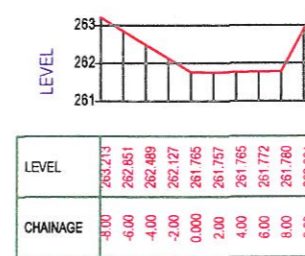
(Upstream at 350m)



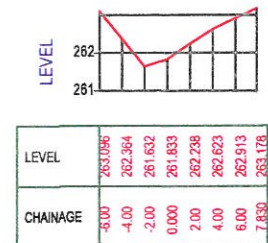
(Upstream at 550m)



(Downstream at 00m)



(Downstream at 275m)



(Downstream at 410m)

CROSS SECTION

CROSS SECTION

0356

Existing Bridge No – 341
Location – KM 302/13-15

Proposed Bridge No – 076
Location – CH: 111543

(Hydrology Details)

Hydrological Calculations for Bridge of Dedicated Freight Corridor - Kesri to Sanehwal

Name / No. of Proposed Bridge : 341
 Name of Nallah / Stream / River : Local Stream
 River Sub - Zone : Upper Indo- Ganga Plains 1 (e)
 G.T Sheet No : 53 B / 6
 Scale : 1 : 50,000
 Location : 302/13-15
 Latitude : 30°33'20"
 Longitude : 76°28'25"

Catchment Area , A = 2.626 Sq Km
 Length of Longest Stream course from source to the bridge site , L = 3.455 Km
 Height of Farthest Point , H1 = 267.95 m
 Height of Point of Interest , H2 = 265.05 m
 Height of the Farthest Point above Point of Interest along the river , H = 2.90 m
 Average Bed Level = 265.05 m

1 Discharge by Rational Formula (Bridges & Flood Wing Report No. RBF - 16) :

(i) $Q_{50} = 0.278 \times C \times I \times A$

where ,
 Q_{50} = 50 years Design Flood Discharge (Cumecs)
 C = Runoff Coefficient
 I = 50 Years Rainfall Intensity (mm / Hr) lasting for t_c hour duration where t_c is the time of concentration
 A = Catchment Area (Sq Km)

(ii) Runoff Coefficient , C :

According to Report of the Committee of Engineers (Khosla), Annexure - 5.1.1 (a), Bridges & Floods Wing Report No. RBF - 16, March - 1990

S. No.	Description	" C " Value
1	Steep, bare rock, city pavements	0.9
2	Rock, Steep but wooded	0.8
3	Plateaus , Lightly covered	0.7
4	Clavey soils, Stiff & bare	0.6
5	Clavey soils, Lightly covered	0.5
6	Loam, Lightly cultivated or covered	0.4
7	Loam, largely cultivated	0.3
8	Sandy Soil, Light growth	0.2
9	Sandy Soil, covered, heavy brush	0.1

In present case, Runoff Coefficient, C = 0.4

0357

(iii) Calculation of Intensity of Rainfall, I :

For estimating the time of concentration (t_c) as per Bhatnagar's formula :

$$\begin{aligned} t_c &= [L^3 / H]^{0.345} \\ &= 2.499 \text{ Hr} \\ &= 149.940 \text{ Mins} \\ \text{(a) } t_c \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.51 \quad (\text{from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16}) \\ \text{(b) } 1 \text{ h Ratio} &= 0.34 \quad (\text{from Fig. 4 of RBF - 16}) \\ \text{(c) } \text{Coefficient, K} &= \frac{t_c \text{ h Ratio}}{1 \text{ h Ratio}} \\ &= 1.491 \\ \text{(d)} \\ \text{(i) } R_{50} (24) &= 24.00 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(ii) } R_{50} (1) &= 0.34 \times R_{50} (24) \quad [\text{as per Clause : 2.1.3, RBF - 16, for River Sub - Zone : 1 (e)}] \\ &= 8.16 \text{ cm} \\ \text{(iii) } R_{50} (t_c) &= K \times R_{50} (1) \\ &= 12.17 \text{ cm} \\ &= 121.66 \text{ mm} \\ \text{(iv) Rainfall Intensity, } I &= \frac{R_{50} (t_c)}{t_c} \\ &= 48.68 \text{ mm / Hr} \end{aligned}$$

(iv) Design Flood Discharge :

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{50} &= 0.278 \times C \times I \times A \\ Q_{50} &= 14.214 \text{ Cumecs} \end{aligned}$$

2 Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach) :

Catchment Area,	A	=	2.626 Sq. Km	262.56 Hectares
Length of path from Toposheet,	L	=	3.455 Km	
Difference in Levels from Toposheet,	H	=	2.90 m	

Maximum Rainfall, F		=	240.00 mm
Duration of Storm, T		=	24 Hrs
One Hour Rainfall,	$I_o = (F/T) \times (T+1)/(1+1)$	=	125.00 mm / Hr
Time of Concentration (IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause : 4.7)	$t_c = (0.87 \times L^3 / H)^{0.385}$	=	2.63 Hrs
Critical Rainfall Intensity,	$I_c = I_o \times [2 / (1 + t_c)]$	=	68.80 mm / Hr

Discharge,	$Q = 0.028 \times P \times f \times A \times I_c$	
P = Coefficient of Runoff (For clayey soils, lightly cultivated or covered)		0.400
f = Fraction of maximum point intensity at centre of storm, depends on area		0.98
A = Catchment Area in Hectares		262.56 Hectares
I_c = Critical Intensity of Rainfall		6.880 cm / Hr
Q = Maximum Discharge		19.826 Cumecs

3 Discharge by Dicken's Formula :

	Q	=	$C \times M^{3/4}$
where,	Q	=	the peak run-off in Cumecs
	M	=	the catchment area in Sq Km
	C	=	11 - 14, where the annual rainfall is 60 - 120 cm 14 - 19 in Madhya Pradesh 22 in Western Ghats
	C	=	16 (adopted in present case)
	M	=	2.626 Sq Km
Hence,	Q	=	33.002 Cumecs

4 Design Discharge :

(As per IRC - SP : 13 - 1998, Clause - 7.1 & Clause - 4.2 and 4.3 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for the Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges)

Discharge by Rational Formula (RBF - 16 Report)	14.214 Cumecs
Discharge by Rational Formula (IRC approach)	19.826 Cumecs
Discharge by Dicken's Formula	33.002 Cumecs
Maximum Discharge	33.002 Cumecs
Next Maximum Discharge	19.826 Cumecs
The difference is beyond 50% of the next maximum discharge	

Hence, Design Discharge adopted $Q = 29.739$ Cumecs

0359

5 Linear Waterway :

Average Bed Level	=	265.05 m
HFL as per site condition & local inquiry	=	267.55 m
So, Total Depth of Water,	H	= 2.50 m

Provide 5 spans of 3.05 m RCC SLAB at proposed bridge site location.

Clear Waterway (provided),	L	=	15.25 m
Total Area,	A	=	38.125 m ²
Velocity ,	V	=	Q / A
		=	0.780 m/sec

6 Vertical Clearance :

Design Discharge	Q	=	29.739 Cumecs
(i) Vertical Clearance as per IRC 5 - 1998 Cl. 106.2.1		=	0.600 m
(ii) Vertical Clearance as per Railway Code for sub-structure Cl. 4.8		=	0.600 m
So, Vertical Clearance adopted		=	0.600 m

Minimum Soffit Level	=	HFL + Vertical Clearance
	=	268.152 m

7 Scour Depth :

Increase in Design Discharge (as per IRC : 78 - 2000, Clause : 703.1.1 & Clause : 4.4, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges)

30%

Increased Design Discharge

38.660 Cumecs

Depth of Scour in accordance with Clause 4.6 of I.R.S. Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges & IRC - 78 : 2000, Clause : 703.2 ,

Mean Depth of Scour,	$d_{sm} = 1.34 \times (D_b^2 / K_{sf})^{1/3}$	
	$D_b =$ Design discharge per metre width	2.54 Cumecs / m
	$K_{sf} =$ Silt factor	1.00
	$d_{sm} =$	2.49 m

Maximum Scour Depth (as per Clause 4.6.6, IRS Code of Practices for Design of Substructure & Foundation of Bridges.)

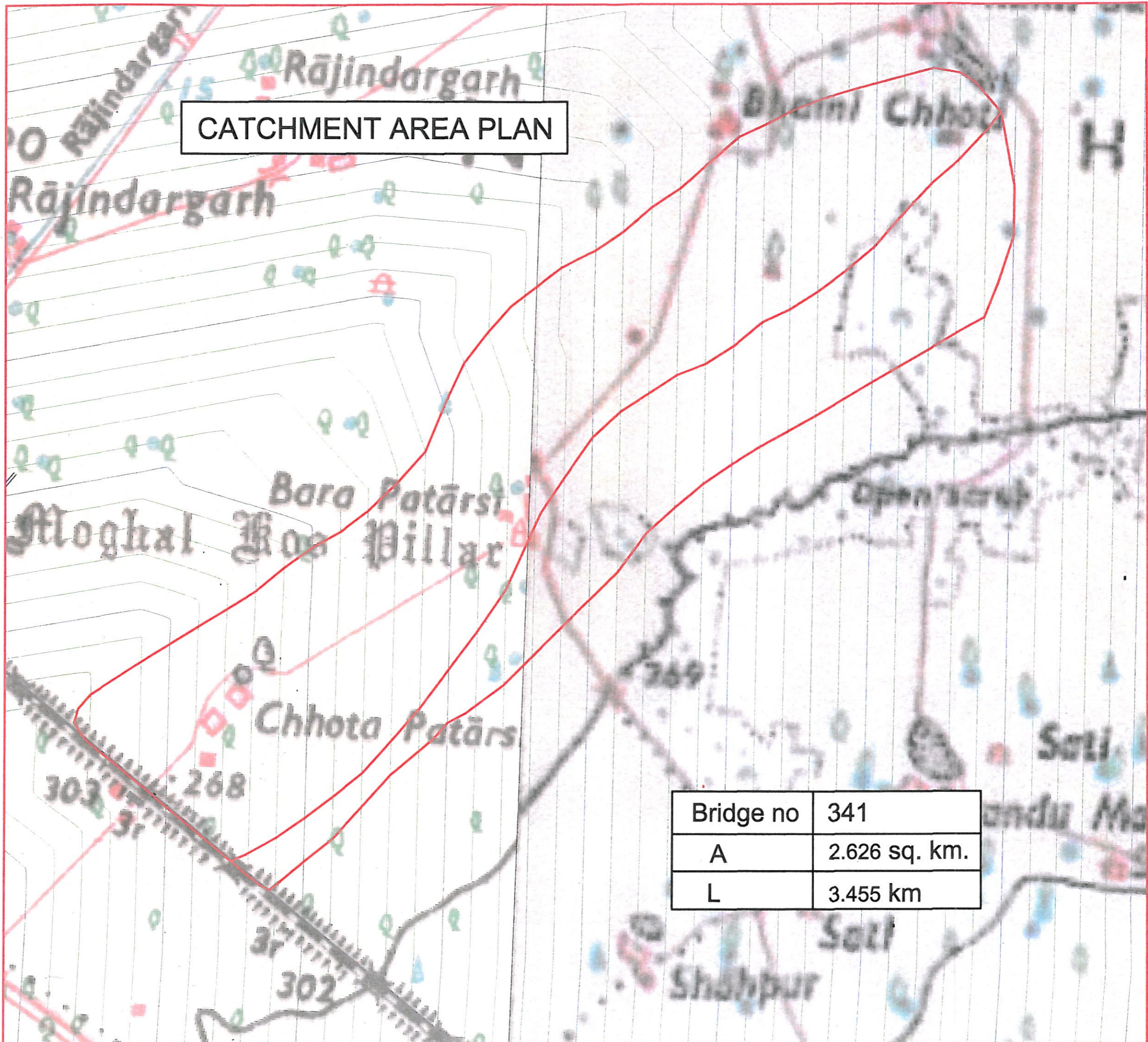
(For moderate bend)	=	1.5 x d_{sm}
So, Maximum Scour Depth	=	3.737 m

8 Maximum Scour Level :

Maximum Scour Level	=	HFL - Maximum Scour Depth
	=	263.81 m

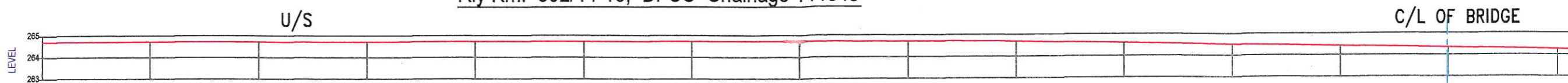
0360

CATCHMENT AREA PLAN



Bridge no	341
A	2.626 sq. km.
L	3.455 km

PROPOSED BRIDGE NO. BR.076(PRL_341)
Rly Km. 302/14-16, DFCC Chainage 111543



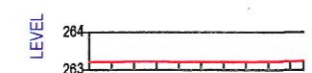
LEVEL	263.700	263.706	263.709	263.713	263.716	263.719	263.723	263.715	263.699	263.666	263.426	263.265	263.174	263.165	263.140
CHAINAGE	-650.00	-600.00	-550.00	-500.00	-450.00	-400.00	-350.00	-300.00	-250.00	-200.00	-150.00	-100.00	-50.00	0.00	50.00

LONGITUDINAL SECTION



LEVEL	263.140	263.236	263.280	263.298	263.292	263.283	263.265	263.254	263.248	263.245
CHAINAGE	50.00	100.00	150.00	200.00	250.00	300.00	350.00	400.00	450.00	477.780

LONGITUDINAL SECTION



LEVEL	263.140	263.143	263.146	263.144	263.142	263.140	263.147	263.154	263.158
CHAINAGE	-10.00	-8.00	-6.00	-4.00	-2.00	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00

(Bridge site)



LEVEL	263.776	263.760	263.744	263.728	263.711	263.725	263.733	263.740	263.748	263.756	263.763	263.769
CHAINAGE	-10.00	-8.00	-6.00	-4.00	-2.00	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00

(Upstream at 300m)



LEVEL	263.976	263.981	263.986	263.988	263.992	263.970	263.966	263.973	263.975	263.982	263.975	263.989
CHAINAGE	-12.00	-10.00	-8.00	-6.00	-4.00	-2.00	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00

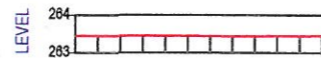
(Upstream at 620m)

CROSS SECTION



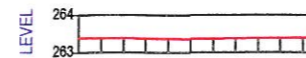
LEVEL	262.658	262.658	262.658	262.657	262.657	262.657	262.659	262.661	262.662	262.661	262.660	262.659	262.658
CHAINAGE	-12.00	-10.00	-8.00	-6.00	-4.00	-2.00	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	11.977

(Downstream at 00m)



LEVEL	263.297	263.297	263.296	263.296	263.296	263.296	263.293	263.292	263.290	263.292	263.295	263.297	263.299
CHAINAGE	-12.00	-10.00	-8.00	-6.00	-4.00	-2.00	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	11.977

(Downstream at 250m)



LEVEL	263.258	263.254	263.250	263.246	263.244	263.244	263.243	263.247	263.250	263.254	263.254	263.263
CHAINAGE	-10.00	-8.00	-6.00	-4.00	-2.00	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	11.977

(Downstream at 490m)

CROSS SECTION

0362

Existing Bridge No – 342
Location – KM 303/12-14

Proposed Bridge No – 077
Location – CH: 112435

(Hydrology Details)

Hydrological Calculations for Bridge of Dedicated Freight Corridor - Kesri to Sanehwal

Name / No. of Proposed Bridge : 342
 Name of Nallah / Stream / River : Local Stream
 River Sub - Zone : Upper Indo- Ganga Plains 1 (e)
 G.T Sheet No : 53 B / 6
 Scale : 1 : 50,000
 Location : 303/12-14
 Latitude : 30°33'37"
 Longitude : 76°28'58"

Catchment Area , A = 0.549 Sq Km
 Length of Longest Stream course from source to the bridge site , L = 1.703 Km
 Height of Farthest Point , H1 = 267.70 m
 Height of Point of Interest , H2 = 266.45 m
 Height of the Farthest Point above Point of Interest along the river , H = 1.25 m
 Average Bed Level = 266.45 m

1 Discharge by Rational Formula (Bridges & Flood Wing Report No. RBF - 16) :

(i) $Q_{50} = 0.278 \times C \times I \times A$

where ,

Q_{50} = 50 years Design Flood Discharge (Cumecs)

C = Runoff Coefficient

I = 50 Years Rainfall Intensity (mm / Hr) lasting for t_c hour duration where t_c is the time of concentration

A = Catchment Area (Sq Km)

(ii) Runoff Coefficient , C :

According to Report of the Committee of Engineers (Khosla), Annexure - 5.1.1 (a), Bridges & Floods Wing Report No. RBF - 16, March - 1990 .

S. No.	Description	" C " Value
1	Steep, bare rock, city pavements	0.9
2	Rock, Steep but wooded	0.8
3	Plateaus , Lightly covered	0.7
4	Clavey soils, Stiff & bare	0.6
5	Clavey soils, Lightly covered	0.5
6	Loam, Lightly cultivated or covered	0.4
7	Loam, largely cultivated	0.3
8	Sandy Soil, Light growth	0.2
9	Sandy Soil, covered, heavy brush	0.1

In present case, Runoff Coefficient, C = 0.4

0363